

Dr. K. G. Rewatkar Principal (NAAC Accredited B++ 2022)

VIDYA VIKAS SHIKSHAN SANSTHA, HINGANGHAT VIDYA VIKAS ART'S, COMMERCE & SCIENCE COLLEGE, SAMUDRAPUR DIST. WARDHA 442305 (M.S.)

> (Affiliated To RTM Nagpur University, Nagpur) Email:vidya_vikascoll@rediffmail.comWebsite :<u>www.vidyavikascollege.com</u>

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3.3.2 Number of research papers per teachers in the Journals notified on UGC website during the year:

Title of paper	Name	Department	Name of	Year of	ISSN	Link to the
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Evaluation of Physico-	Dr.Man	Zoology	International	Mar-23	2349-	https://papers.ssrn.
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Cultivated Plant Species						

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITIES IN SUBSTITUTED BENZYLIDENE ACETOPHENONE	Dr. M N Narule	Chemistry	Mukt Shabd Journal	Dec-22	2347- 3150	https://shabdbooks .com/volume-11- issue-12-2022 https://app.box.co m/s/4fy2qh3dag6 mjj3slld4wb5j25tr fycg
Photoluminescence and Judd-Ofelt analysis of Eu3+ doped akermanite silicate phosphors for solid state lighting	Dr. K. G. Rewatk ar	Physics	Optical Materials	Nov-22	0925- 3467	https://doi.org/10 .1016/j.optmat.2 022.112945
Investigation of Physiochemical Impact of Organic Molecule L- Lysine on Ammonium Dihydrogen Phosphate Single Crystal for Optoelectronics Applications	Dr. K. G. Rewatk ar	Physics	Electrochem	Apr-23	2673- 3293	https://doi.org/10 .3390/electroche m4020017
Influence of Bi3+ ions substitution on calcium– lead hexaferrite's structural, magnetic, and dielectric properties	Dr. K. G. Rewatk ar	Physics	J Mater Sci: Mater Electron	Dec-22	0957- 4522	Influence of Bi3+ ions substitution on calcium-lead hexaferrite's structural, magnetic, and dielectric properties SpringerLink
Study of Accelerating Universe in the framework of Bianchi Type-III Scalar Field	Dr S W Samdur kar	Math	GIS SCIENCE JOURNAL	Sep-22	1869- 9391	https://gisscience .net/volume-9- issue-9-2022/ https://drive.goo gle.com/file/d/1a V- ys_IG3FTmLvle uiXL_VrkqLeu5 fX9/view
Role of Linear Form of Equation of State in Five Dimensional Cosmological Model	Dr S W Samdur kar	Math	INTERNATIO NAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH AND ANALYTICA L REVIEWS	Nov-22	2349- 5138	IJRAR22D3058. pdf
Analysis of Accelerating Universe in the presence of Modified String	Dr S W Samdur kar	Math	Journal of Emerging Technologies and Innovative Research	May-23	2349- 5162	JETIR2305864.p df
Optical, P-XRD & U-V Properties by Varying the Concentration of L-	Dr N D Shambh arkar	Physics	Jordan Journal of Physics	Mar-22	1994- 7607	https://journals.y u.edu.jo/jjp/JJPIs sues/Vol15No1p

valine Amino Acid in Pure KDP						<u>df2022/5.html</u>
Color-tunable luminescence by energy transfer mechanism in RE (RE = Eu2+,Tb3+)– doped Na2SrPO4F phosphors	Dr. N.S. Shirbha te	Botany	J Mater Sci: Mater Electron	Jun-22	0957- 4522	Color-tunable luminescence by energy transfer mechanism in <u>RE (RE = Eu2+,</u> <u>Tb3+)-doped</u> <u>Na2SrPO4F</u> <u>phosphors </u> <u>SpringerLink</u>
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Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar: Arthik Vichar	Dr. W. J. Choudh ary	Commerce	Knowledge Resonance	Dec-22	2231- 1629	https://knowledger esonance.com/wp- content/uploads/20 23/03/July-Dec- 2022-vol-11- 19.pdf
Startup India: Golden Opportunities for Small Scale Industries	Dr.Ram esh Nikhad e	Commerce	Knowledge Resonance	Dec-22	2231- 1629	https://knowledger esonance.com/wp- content/uploads/20 23/03/July-Dec- 2022-vol-11-7.pdf
MARKETING TECHNIQUES AFFECTING BUYING DECISION OF CUSTOMER	Dr. R. G. Kalaska r	Commerce	INTERNATIO NAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCHE S IN SOCIAL SCIENCE AND INFORMATI ON STUDIES	May-23	2347- 517X	International Journal for Researches in Social Science and Information Studies, IJRSSIS
EXPRESSIONISTIC TECHNIQUE IN EUGENE O'NEILL'S THE HAIRY APE	Dr. Prakash S. Tale	English	Research Hub	Jan-23	2582- 9173	https://www.rese archhub.org.in/re search-hub/
Gender and Feminine Consciousness in Anita Desai's Novels - Cry the Peacock and Where shall we Go This Summer	Dr. Nitin R Akhuj	English	Printing Area Peer-Reviewed International Mutilingual Research Journal	Dec-22	2394- 5303	Printing Area International Multilingual Science Journal (vidyawarta.com)
Feminist Movements	Dr. Nitin R Akhuj	English	Vidyawarta Peer-Review International Journal	Jun-23	2319- 9318	https://vvcs.edu.i n/research_cente r
Ketakiche Fule Kawyatil Balkanche dalit Jiyan	Dr. Milind B Kamble	Marathi	Interlink Research Analysis	Jun-23	0976- 0377	https://vvcs.edu.i n/research_cente r
Sugandha Mazya Mathicha: Balkavita Sangrahatil balkanche Bhavvishvav	Dr. Milind B Kamble	Marathi	Research Journal of India	Oct-22	2582- 4848	https://www.indi ramahavidyalaya .com/page.php?p =ABOUT%20JO URNAL
Camparative Analysis of HR Policies of Aided and Unaided schools and its Impact on Teachers performance in wardha Dist.	Dr. Rajvilas R Karamo re	Commerce	GENESIS	Jul-22	2279- 0489	<u>Ajanta</u> <u>Prakashan - Our</u> <u>Research Papers</u>



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BEST PRACTICES IN MODERN LIBRARY MANAGEMENT AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

Dr. Pramod Narayan Alone Librarian, Vidya Vikas Arts Commerce and Science college Samudrapur Districts Wardha Corresponding Author- Dr. Pramod Narayan Alone DOI- 10.5281/zenodo.7057185

Abstract:

In the present modern era, the scope of library and information science has expanded considerably Global change and information communication technology have evolved regardless of academics, the library and information science professions have been widely influenced, Public and Special Libraries. In the modern era librarians and libraries play a role Changed with time, due to technology and resource development etc. The development of ICT also changed the expectations of users in different ways. Compilation Development, quality of services, best practices and benchmarks adopted by libraries System is the main concern of stakeholders. In higher education, libraries and Information services play an important role in education, research and development. Library is the main support of all Educational activities of any educational institutions. Best practices are highlighted in these paper Academic libraries to enhance the quality of teaching learning process and it also suggests that new initiatives and practices should be followed. In modern libraries, whose shelves may be wooden, metal or electronic, we need to learn best practices to ensure that we can efficiently access the best materials on these shelves. We do this by overcoming the perception that the library is a foreign country, quickly understanding the differences between resources, and using search engines effectively

Keywords: Library management, resource, best practices, technology etc.

Introduction:

In the modern digital age, the academic community can access information from anywhere in the world.Now research and development is increasing, so is the availability and value of informationalso increases. So, here it is the role of library and librarian to provide relevant informationRight time for right user. Library networks, consortia and institutional membership etc. Help users find relevant information. Therefore, apart from the routine functions of libraries, Membership in library network, development, training e-resource for improvementLibrary manpower efficiency, proper space management, creation of user profile, userPrint and e-resources related to education, conferences/seminars and workshopsEducation etc. for quality enhancement. Computer networks were created on national and international level for proper and effective use of information.

For this, there is need of specialists and researchers who use information and communication technology.

There is need of more research for growth of LIS. If we are undertaking research on large scale that will help to develop new methods, techniques, sources new research methodologies. and (Prakash B. Jadhav and Santosh P. Khajindar 2018). These are some of the best practices that can be followedin academic library systems. Libraries can play an important role in providing the right information. The right user at the right time. Here, library and information management system can helpUser communities to identify and access knowledge relevant resources. activityLibrary vision, mission, objectives and policies, copyright issues, Membership, budgeting and reporting, resource mobilization, technical procedures, Manpower Development,





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Online and Digital Education: Prospects and Challenges

Dr Pramod Narayan Alone Librarian Vidya Vikas Art Comm & Science College Samudrapur District Wardha Maharashtra

Abstract

With the growth of technology in our lives, there is an increasing need to adapt and accommodate digital methods of teaching learning. This revolution in education will enhance the conventional methods of teaching and learning in the classroom situation. Teachers can construct better pedagogical models to make the teaching learning process interesting and challenging. In this context, the author has focused upon Digital technology and learning and the theoretical approaches to digital learning. The various prospects and challenges faced by academicians, educators, teachers and learners in these circumstances are highlighted. This paper has wide implications in the present context where see a shift from classroom learning to digital learning.

Keywords: Digital technology, Digital Learning Connectivism, Online Collaborative Learning, Bloom's Digital taxonomy, Prospects and Challenges of Digital education

Introduction

Digital technology has brought a tremendous change in the education system and is considering a solemn transition in the process of digitization of education. Both teachers and students are continuous learners and hence should ensure greater participation and involvement in the teaching learning process. NEP 2020 is a transformative policy document, wherein every teacher is required to become more digitally empowered.

Digital Learning helps educational institutions to move to a transition to Blended Learning Model where classroom learning is supported and supplemented by digital solutions. Hence digital learning should be the core of every school's teaching learning methodology. The need for shift from rote learning to active learning in a classroom needs to be optimized by providing digital learning in classroom experiences. The use of mobiles and computers are considered a universal means of expression for accomplishment and dissemination of information.

UNESCO has estimated that over 1.3 billion children in 186 countries have not attended school since early March when the pandemic struck, hence the concept of online study and teaching acquired a life of its own. Hence, the factor of adjustment is very crucial both on the side of the teacher and the learner. In this context the author felt the need to study the prospects and challenges related to Digital Education.

Theoretical Approaches to Digital Learning Connectivism

George Siemens and Stephen Downes proposed a theory for Digital Learning by denouncing the boundaries of behaviourism, cognitivism and constructivism. This theory is referred to as Connectivism which is related to social learning. Stephen Downes described it as "the thesis that knowledge is distributed across a network of connections, and therefore that learning consists of the ability to construct and traverse those networks." (Downes, 2007). Connectivism is characterized as the augmentation of how a student learns with the knowledge and perception gained through the accumulation of personal network (Siemens, 2004). The learner can attain the perspective and

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diversity of opinion to learn to make critical and wise decisions. The learner can learn through collaboration.With huge databases available, the learner tries to seek further knowledge and interprets that knowledge accordingly. Connectivism is defined as actionable knowledge, where there is an understanding of where to find knowledge than what that knowledge encompasses (Duke, Harper and Johnston, 2013). The established learning theories of behaviourism, cognitivism and constructivism contribute in unique ways to design the online material, whereas, Connectivism provides technological opportunities to the learner to recognize and interpret patterns.

Online Collaborative Learning Theory

The combination of constructivist approaches to learning and the progress of internet developed a new form of constructivist teaching, formerly called as Computer Mediated Communication, now referred to as Online Collaborative Learning Theory described by Harasim.

According to Harasim,

"OCL theory provides a model of learning in which students are encouraged and supported to work together to create knowledge: to invent, to explore ways to innovate, and, by so doing, to seek the conceptual knowledge needed to solve problems rather than recite what they think is the right answer. While OCL theory does encourage the learner to be active and engaged, this is not considered to be sufficient for learning or knowledge construction. In the OCL theory, the teacher plays a key role not as a fellowlearner, but as the link to the knowledge community, or state of the art in that discipline. Learning is defined as conceptual change and is key to building knowledge. Learning activity needs to be informed and guided by the norms of the discipline and a discourse process that emphasises conceptual learning and builds

knowledge"(Harasim, 2012). In online collaborative learning, the teacher is not replaced but the use of technology is greater than before and communication is improved between teacher and learners, where learning is based on knowledge construction, assisted and developed through social discourse and scaffolding.

Bloom's Digital Taxonomy

Bloom's Revised Taxonomy is restructured to explain learning outcomes as technology advances. This taxonomy includes cognitive elements as well as methods and tooling. There are various key verbs under each of the taxonomic elements listed as digital additions. (Churches, 2007)

The digital additions are as follows:

Remembering: Bullet Pointing, Highlighting, Bookmarking or favouriting, Social Networking, Social Bookmarking and Searching or Googling Understanding: Advanced searches, Boolean searches, Twittering, Tagging, Commenting, Annotating and Subscribing

Applying: Running, Loading, Playing, Operating, Hacking, Uploading, Sharing, Editing

Analysing: Mashing, Linking, Cracking, Mind Mapping and Reverse engineering

Evaluating: Commenting and Reflecting, Posting, Moderating, Collaborating and networking and Validating

Creating: Programming, Filming, Animating, Video Blogging, Mixing and remixing, Publishing, Videocasting, Podcasting, Dircting and Producing

The inclusion of collaboration as a digital addition in this taxonomy has greater value since it is a 21st century skill, a learner uses in the learning process that facilitates higher order thinking.

Prospects and Challenges of Digital Education

· Digital learning provides scope for Self Directed Learning in the 21st century. Learners are trained for Autonomous and Self Directed Learning through advances in modern

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technology in education which render a large amount of easy access resources, knowledge and information (Hegade, 2019). Learners take charge of their learning process in Self Directed Learning in association with digital learning. They take initiatives, accept responsibilities, persistent in efforts,, view problems as challenges, capable of self discipline and plan well for work completion.

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A chalkboard, books, memorization and homework are all about the traditional ways of learning. In the present context, our model of learning should change. Educational institutions should be ready for all the challenges to face towards digital revolution and thereby make our country digitally empowered. Digital empowerment should be based on the online learning styles of our learners (Juneja, 2019).

Convenient and stress free education for both teachers and learners is one of the important advantages and revolution of online and digital education. Students can learn at their own pace. Thus the factor of individualised instruction is taken care of.

Digital education focuses on integration of ICT in education. Online material could be structured in such a manner to make it more interactive and individualized. This is one of the most significant challenges for digital education. Every educator and teacher is compelled to get acquainted with the tools and techniques of the digitization in education, to organize lessons, plan learning activities, assign project work and implement assessment and evaluation techniques. Training teachers in this arena is the need of the hour. The present Teacher Education programme gives due importance in this context.

Development of techno pedagogical skills is a paradigm shift in our educational system shaped by ICT and digitization and its application. In this technological revolution, the in service teachers come across various challenge to motivate and nurture our digital

natives. They need to develop smart pedagogic skills and have an understanding of the diverse pedagogies and related practices (Paul and Thankachan, 2019).

· The extent to which our teachers are competent to make use of technology in teaching is to be taken care of. Also a study of the resources made available to teachers, identifying the drawbacks in the system, attitude of us of technology and the ability of accessing technology is a crucial aim and purpose of digital education.

Social media is considered as an integral part of digital learning. There are various online platforms to have live video conferencing to conduct classes and have discussions. A large number of students and teachers exchange information and ideas. Thus the e-learning experience gives scope to Autonomy in learning.

Learning becomes more interactive through the use of flipped classrooms and innovative digital aids. Learning takes place in the form of various interactive learning modules created by academicians and educators. Collaborative technologies could be used and learners can collaborate with others across the globe to work on assignments and projects.

 Massive Open Online Courses (MOOC's) provides the learner for self learning and individuals can upgrade their qualification, enhance knowledge and skills. It facilitates learners to learn at their own pace and time i.e. MOOC's are more convenient. Such kind of learning is also referred to as personalized learning.

 Audio video based learning as a part of the teaching learning process is interactive in nature. In this type of teaching methodology, the learners learn new concepts through various digital media. Game based learning will redefine the future of Digital Education.

Digital technology will prove to overcome all language barriers since all material is available in all the regional languages.

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For effective digital learning internet infrastructure should be improved, reliable broadband connectivity has to be ensured, uninterrupted power supply has to be taken care of and digital devices should be accessible and economical.

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The teacher's role is highly significant and considered as one of the most important challenges of Online and Digital education. Prior preparation on the part of the teacher to prepare lessons and deliver content using the various pedagogical techniques has to be applied accordingly. Teachers also need to be trained in the use of technological devices with respect to both hardware and software. In this perspective, the training of pre-service teachers should be scheduled in the curriculum. Various government agencies, non governmental organizations and the management of schools should take initiative to train the in service teachers according to the need of the hour.

Conclusion

Changes in educational practices are gradual while technological developments are advancing. Appropriate integration of technology in all levels of education supports learning and development and improves the teaching, learning and evaluation process.

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EXPRESSIONISTIC TECHNIQUE IN EUGENE O'NEILL'S THE HAIRY APE

Dr. Prakash S.Tale

Assistant Professor Department of English Vidya Vikas Arts, Commerce and Science College, Samudrapur E-mail - taleprakash27@gmail.com Mob. No – 9637263190

Abstract :

This paper seeks to explore the expressionistic technique in Eugene O'Neill's The Hairy Ape. Eugene O'Neill (1888 – 1953) is one of the most distinguished playwrights in the spheres of twentieth century American literature. He focuses on the psychological trauma of individuals in the materialistic society of America. As an existentialist, he considers life is essentially tragic and he managed to portray it in a very realistic manner. However, he is not a pessimist and considers life to be accepted as it comes. The hopes and promises make it meaningful and worth-living. As a dramatist, he skillfully woven the realistic dramatization of human condition through his tragedies. O'Neill has remarked : "The playwright must dig at the roots of the sickness today as he feels it." The feeling of isolation, which has become the hallmark of the modern age, springs from the tragic sense of life. It is variously described as loss of identity, loneliness, alienation, meaninglessness, loss of faith or values, rootlessness, anomie or anxiety-state, etc. It is recognized as a symptom of man's contemporary crisis, a human problem, a condition of having the experience but missing the meaning. Through the effective use of expressionistic symbolism, O'Neill distinguishes the misfortune of men's isolation, loneliness and their quest for identity at various levels. Through this technique, Eugene O'Neill portrays the inner psyche of the characters. He is able to depict the unconscious rather than the conscious mind of characters.

Keywords – expressionistic, racked, ape, juxtaposed, radical, X- ray, photographs, etc.

Introduction :

Julian Auguste Harve was a painter. He wanted to differentiate his paintings from impressionism and employed the term Expressionism in 1901. Beneath the influence of Swedish writer Strindberg, expressionistic movement in art was initiated in Germany in early twentieth century. It was at its height between 1901 to 1925 just before, during and after World War I. Expressionists endeavored to express as intensely as possible the authors usually bitter reaction to the world around him. Expressionistic art often depersonalize and dehumanize its subject to convey the shock of unfortunately being alive in the cruel modern world. Expressionist is trying to depicts the world as it seems to his mind or to his literary character instead of presenting the world as it is.



Importance of the Study :

Expressionism, actually, is a radical revolt against the artistic and literary tradition of 'realism'. The expressionistic playwright undertakes to express a personal vision of human life and human society. Expressionism is a literature of the extreme, a literature of rebellion. In the theatre, tradition was represented by naturalism, the movement that originated from Emile Zola, and became popular in the works of Henrik Ibsen and Bernard Shaw. Naturalism developed into the modern problem play. It became a comedy of manners of the social dropouts. Expressionism wanted to creates a fresh air in the theatre by refusing the ossified mold of naturalism. Expressionism, the name itself suggest that the writer does not use the more action on the stage but uses minimum dialogues and minimum characters to express his inner bent of mind. The action is less important but the playwright believes on the expression of the characters. Basically it is a very difficult to depict the inner mind of the characters but through the proper use of a technique it very easy to portray the 'inner psyche' or 'inner reality' meticulously. It was an attempt to explore and present the unconscious more than the conscious mind of the characters. In this discourse R. S. Furness observes the spirit of expressionism

" The soul under stress, racked and burning in fearful-this preoccupation may be called expressionist".

The literary elements like plot, characters, and dialogues undergo a change in the expressionistic play. Regarding characters, the technique is extremely subjective. The language of expressionistic play is highly personal, lyrical and condensed. Another aspect of the expressionistic play is the use of non-literary devices like sound, lighting, and setting, while in the naturalistic play these elements tends to be mimetic or life-like, in the expressionistic theatre they are distorted in order to communicate the new vision of life.

Research Methodology :

Research Methodology is more important to analyse the research problems. It is a systematic way to solve the problem in a systematic way. For gaining the objectives of literary research and for genuine and original contribution of the knowledge, I thoroughly studied the original novels of Eugene O'Neill. I also applied the new concepts and ideas to the selected works and try to my level best to achieve the success in the spheres of literature. By applying the descriptive and analytical methods of research, I am able to understand the situation in American people's mind. They were physically strong but psychologically they were loose. By applying the expressionistic technique Eugene O'Neill depicted the human predicament in The Hairy Ape.

Main Text of the Paper :

In the best period of German Expressionism, 1917 to 1923 the plays of George Kaiser and Ernst Toller express the agony of life through characters. Outside Germany, it was in America that Expressionism made a strong impact, specially in the plays of Eugene O'Neill such as The Emperor Jones (1921), The Hairy Ape (1922), The Great God Brown (1926). Elmer Rice's The Adding Machine (1923) was influenced by Kaiser's From Morn to Midnight. O'Neill's attitude to the expressionist theatre was ambiguous. In the interview published in the



New York Herald Tribune, March 16, 1924, O'Neill observed:.

"...... expressionism denies the value of characterization...... I personally do not believe that an idea can be readily put over to an audience except through characters.... The real contribution of the expressionist has been in the dynamic qualities of his plays. They express something in modern life better than did the old plays. I have something of this method in The Hairy Ape. But the character Yank remains a man and everyone recognizes him as such."

While writing the play named The Hairy Ape, he was deeply influenced by George Kaiser's From Morn to Midnight. Kaiser is interested in depicting the situation of Individual.

The Hairy Ape (1922) is an influential expressionistic play of O'Neill. We can observe almost all the characteristics of expressionism in this play. Drama is the best medium to represent the writer himself before the world through the expressionistic technique like the Cashier in Kaiser's play, Yank is the central consciousness in O'Neill's play, and the other stokers and prisoners seem to be mere productions of Yank. The energy and vitalism of Yank in his identification with the power of the ship remind one of the dithyrambic ecstasy of Nietzsche in Thus Spake Zarathustra, and the universal declamatory power of Whitman.

In expressionistic play, the much emphasis has been given the central figure and minor character seemed to be the subordinate to him. Before Yank who is protagonist. Before him Paddy, Long and the secretary of I.W. W. are nothing but the nameless entity. Yank visited the workplace of the secretary of I.W. W. The other people in its office are also equal lacking in individuality. The situation compels the dramatist to throw light on the suffering of Yank and what goes on within his soul. This is nothing but an autobiographical element of dramatist. As Clifford Leech points out,

" the dramatic personages in an expressionistic play may be

juxtaposed, but there is no elaborate development of their relationship".

Yank and Mildred met only for a moment but it is enough to play havoc with the soul of Yank. The smallest characters are present in moments but they stamp their impression on the mind of the audience or reader.

The expressionist used exaggerated gesture, hampering color sound and movement for more effect on the mind of the audience. The dialogues are frequently repeated not only to emphasize the lack of sophistication but also to drive home to the audience the obsession of the characters. Such expressions as "I belong", "I' ll fix her", " I am the end ", "That's me", etc., work like motifs to establish the fact that basically yank's unsophisticated mind is guided by only a few ideas.

The expressionistic play is shorter than the realistic plays because the action is rapidly



going on the stage. This also accounts for The Hairy Ape as of other expressionistic plays. The short scenes give more effect than the traditional long scenes. These short scenes are deeply connected with the protagonist's consciousness. These change are not logically related nor sketched with the completeness of a realistic play. Much is left to the imagination of the audience, and the connections between the scenes are emotional and not logical. The only living personage in the play is the central figure, Yank. The action is focused on the consciousness of Yank. For portraying the tortured soul of Yank, the playwright has employed the technique of "interior monologue". The monologue of Yank is very important after he has been thrown over piece of psycho- analysis. The dramatist has skillfully woven the disillusionment of Yank by using the technique. He had come to the I.W.W. office with the conviction that he belonged to it, but in vain.

Mildred's word 'a filthy beast' threw on the ear of Yank like a pots and pan. These words were always humming around his ear throughout the play. It also creates the distinction of classes and masses. It is a sign of psycho analysis running in the mind of Yank throughout the play. The dramatist not only wanted to portray the inner reality of the Yank but the disintegration of all modern human beings. By applying these technique, O'Neill wanted to reform the modern society. There is a strong condemnation of the capitalism in expressionistic plays. Yank, the representative of the masses where as Mildred Douglas is the representative of the classes. Here, we can find now, masses were exploited by the classes. The eighth scene is very important because it is the study of Yank's thinking processes. It reaches the height of Yank's severance personality. For the condemnation of the capitalism, Yank takes revenge on that rejected world. His thought are not connected with rationally or logically. As J.W. Marriott rightly observes : a realistic play is based on superficial observation of detail- a mere photography; but an expressionism has been likened to an X-ray photograph.

Expressionistic method is used when the dramatist aims at a probe into the unconscious. In order to help the audience to understand the inner psyche of the character, the expressionist uses symbols, metaphors, fables and allegories. He provides smear figures on the darkened stage to personalize good or bad motives.

After disappointing from the whole materialistic world Yank was passing from a Zoo, where he finds gorilla and thought that even animal can realize his grudge about the society. On the contrary, gorilla crushed him to death and monkeys in the other cages applauded for the victory of animal being over human beings. It is one of the significant suggestive reference of expressionistic technique. He utilized the expeditious technique of the German dramatist. The action follows a continuous forward movement. Each scene is well defined on the stage in psychological retracing in Yank's consciousness of the various stages in human evolution.

Conclusion :

O'Neill is considered as the perennial experimenter of new methods and techniques. He has the capacity to blend realism and expressionism in his plays. The purpose of both the 'isms' are same, to portray effectively the tragedy of modern life. Indeed, the greatness of O'Neill as a dramatist lies in this combination of realism and expressionism. Few men have achieved this type of success, a balanced combination of the two as O'Neill has done. The Hairy Ape ends with a note of affirmation and perhaps, Yank - The Hairy Ape - at last belong to



death.

Thus the expressionist did not want to present mankind's grappling with outside forces rather they sought to dramatize his struggle with himself. In this connection Edward Albert remarks, "expressionistic drama was not concerned with society but with a man".

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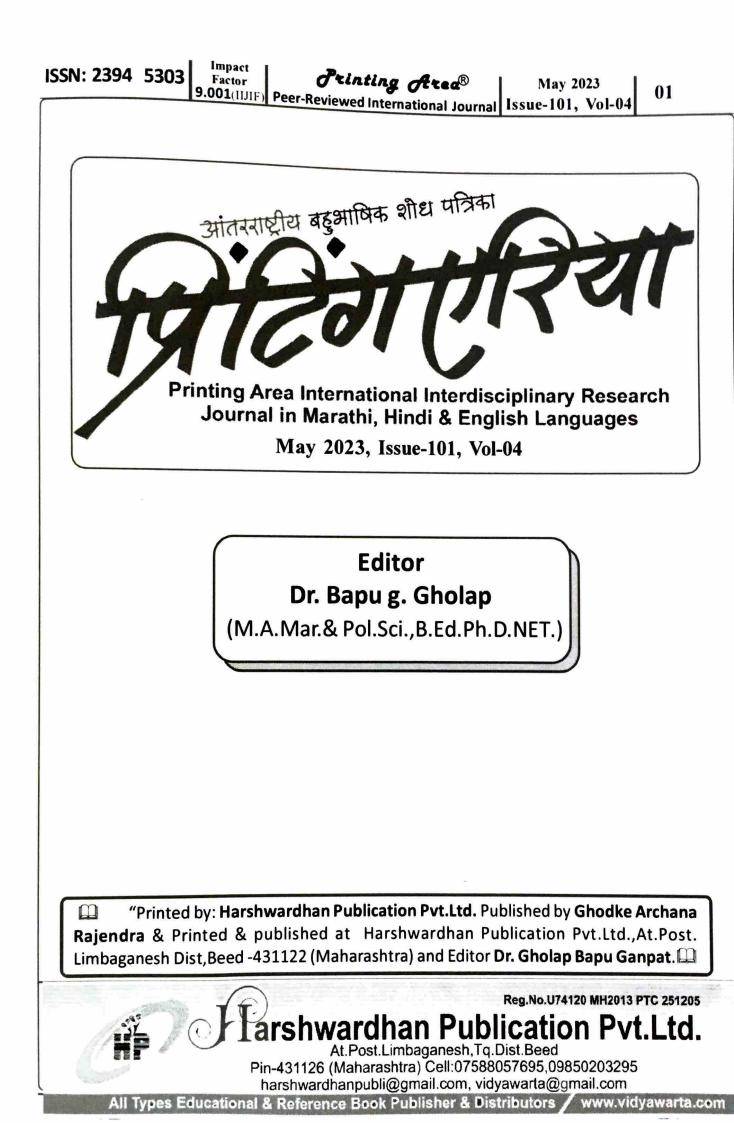
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Editor Dr.Bapu G.Gholap



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Gender and Feminine Consciousness in Anita Desai's Novels – Cry the Peacock and Where shall we Go This Summer?

Nitin R. Akhuj Assistant Professor, Department of English, Vidva Vikas Arts, Commerce and Science College Samudrapur, Wardha

The two concepts are of different vintage 'modernism' being a long standing category which is of crucial importance in the understanding of 20th century culture, where as the term 'post-modernism' has only become current since 1980s 'Modernism' is the name given to the movement which dominated the arts and culture of the first half of 20th century.

For centuries, women in the traditional social order and system have always been considered subservient to men. With the Post-Modernizing age, women began to see the universe with their own eyes and not through the male gaze. In India, with the matriarchal struggle against patriarchy another inner revolution started manifesting itself in literature, especially women's writings. The voices of women began to vie with those of men. The purpose of this paper is to focus on the feminist message as articulated in Anita Desai's novels "Cry the peacock" and "Where shall we Go This summer?" The paper focuses how in the Post-Modern era Indian women writers in English have highlighted women's problems and raised a voice against traditional customs and gender discrimination.

Anita Desai is the representative novelist of the second generation of Indian novel. She

.001(IIJIF) Peer-Reviewed International Journal Issue-101, Vol-04 depicts the Indian woman as a victim. In her novels we find the appreciation of Indian feministic concern and she as a woman has shared experiences of women in the family and in the society. Anita Desai has treated psychological realities very minutely in her novels. Her purpose of writing is to discover herself and then aesthetically, convey the truth. She has tried to probe into the depths of a woman's psyche and showing its relation to society. And, this concern can be drawn through the portrayal of the neurotic like Maya and Sita. Both these women present sensitive individuals in their moments of intense struggle and their efforts to seek neurotic solutions. Anita Desai is widely recognized as the pioneer of psychological novel in modern Indian English literature. The prominent feature of her works is her art of portrayal of characters. She examines the psychological inner workings of women and present their reactions. Her two novels 'Cry the Peacock' and 'Where shall we Go This Summer?' present the traumatic experiences and mental tensions that Maya and Sita undergo. Desai explores the emotional world of neurotic Maya, who is haunted by a premonition of her husband's death on account of her belief in astrological prediction; while in Sita, Desai highlights the theme of repressed childhood neurosis. The repressed impulse and memories lie buried in the unconscious of the protagonist Sita but return later in a form of a full blown neurotic picture during her fifth pregnancy. The theme of both novels is disharmony and discord confined to the family and at times to the mal-adjusted self. Loneliness and unrequited love drives Maya to the jaws of death and violence, while sita suffers from 'Oedipus Complex'. Both Maya and Sita are representatives of Post-Modern Indian Feminism.

Anita Desai's Treatment of Feminism -

Anita Desai, undoubtedly occupies a supreme position of the contemporary Indian Feminist novelist. With her poignant hypersensitive knowledge, erudition and inner psychoISSN: 2394 5303

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Printing Area® 9.001(IIJIF) Peer-Reviewed International Journal Issue-101, Vol-04 logical power concerning the natural and real everyday affairs of familial, societal, economic dealings as minutely impacted in her major novels. Her novels symbolize the universal feminism. Through her novels Desai, has unveiled the grim as well as mysterious truth of human psychology, especially women's questions in most of her novels of post-modern era. As a selfconscious social critic and reformer, Desai has divulged the un-noticed images of the inferior and hatred feminine community of her age. Feminism is one of the topmost issues of her fictional world. She has pictured a paradigm of the whole women community with a view to spreading the message of the second sex. She has dealt her fiction with feminine sensationalism and vivid themes which are innovative and potential concerning the miserable, drudgery plight of the weaker working class of women's untold affliction, agony and psychological, conflicting senses under the unconscious and unwise, inconsiderate husbands, fathers and brothers. Desai, has wanted to highlight the matriarchal struggle, self. Freedom and selfidentity and self power against the male dominated world, where she has universalized the feminist message with the inner gaze.

The novels of Anita Desai are basically female oriented. She probes into their problems, be it of a daughter, sister, mother grandmother or a wife. Her female figure appears as a victim in a patriarchal and father dominated Indian family. Anita Desai depicts the Indian woman as a fighter, a victim, a heroine and in later novels ultimately a winner because of her indomitable spirit and attitude of compromise. She has portrayed both kinds all women those who are symbols of her indomitable spirit and attitude of compromise. She has portrayed both kinds all women those who are symbols of growth and change those who are powerful means of withdrawal regression, decay and destruction. She designs, the exploration of the disturbed psyche 争 Printing Area : Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal 虽 ^{at the} Indian woman lying emphasis on the fac-

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tors of loneliness and alienation. However Desai's women does not give up the strife so easily. She presents in her writing the pictures of women in flesh and blood, with a district mind of their own. Her characters are no more wooden creatures, subject to suppression and male domination only. Her novels are an engrossing study in the progression of women from feminine to female as stipulated by Elaine Showalter. Her women characters are sensitively portrayed and therefore, are best appreciated in their psychological depths. As a feminist she wants women to be accepted as responsible human beings. She is satisfied to dive deep into the inner working of the protagonists and brings out the hidden depths of human psyche.

Anita Desai in her psychological novels, focuses on the minute and subtle images of a tormented, tortured, toiled, trodden and selffrustrated feminism preoccupied with her inner heart, soul and mind, her sulking depression, melancholy pessimism, self storming pragmatics surrounding the atmosphere of mankind. She discusses the vivid and clear cut problematic features of temperamental incompatibility, conflicting dilemmas and ever-growing hatred between male and female. In her novels, most protagonists, cum heroines are segmented and alienated from the world, society, family, parents and even from their own selves, because they are not average people but individuals who hardly enable to cope with the patriarchy, unable to keep abreast with this setup.

Desai's feminist superb creations are adamant and eccentric towards the male dominated society. She aims to examine the natural, social and fanciful bonds that unchain the women's issues and in this way she is concerned with the destiny of the house-minded woman in the typical Indian society of the postmodern pe-

The artistic area in her novels she has riod. pictured to post modernist readers as a 'readerly text' to exploit is wholly appreciated and praise-



This is to certify that the review board of our research journal accepted the research paper/article titled Gender and Feminine Consciousness in Anity Desai's Novels of Dr./Mr./Miss/Mrs. Nitin R. Akhyi

It is peer reviewed and published in the Issue 101 Vol. 04 in the month

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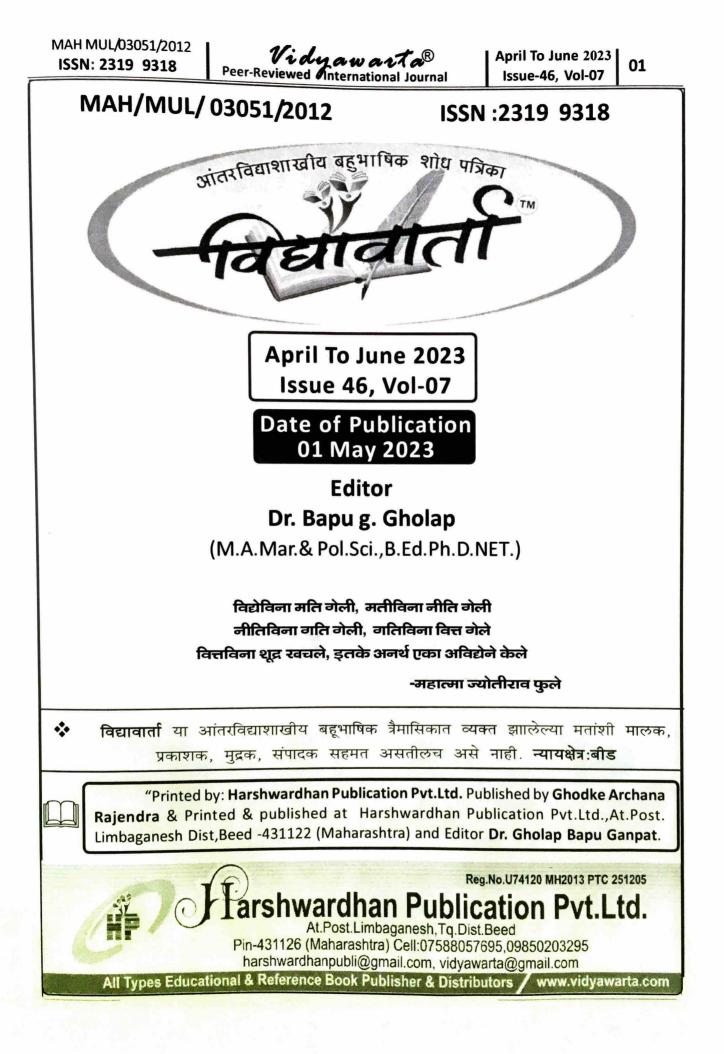
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Feminist Movements

Dr. Nitin R Akhuj

Department of English, Vidya Vikas Arts, Commerce and Science College, Samudrapur, Dist. Wardha

Abstract :-

The feminist thought and the feminist movements in the west had some influence on the woman's movement in developing countries like India. The mid-1950's and 1960's mark the important stage of Indian English writing. When women writers like Anita Desai, Kamala Makandaya, Shobha De, Nayantara Sehgal and a few more came out with their works and have opened a new vista of human nature and manwomen relationship. Writers like Shobha De proved their revolutionary trend of writing through their fiction. Selective memory: Stories from life (1998) is an autobiography written by Shobha De. It serves as a source to understand the intimate details of Shobha De's life. Though De cannot unveil all the secrets of her life, she has focused on the image of herself, by cleverly delineating the incidents and accidents without destroying the finer qualities of an Indian woman. She has provided brief and sensitive details of her family, and describes her journey from being a middle class girl with a lot of aspiration in life to best-selling author as 'exciting'. She candidly writes about the choices she made, decisions she took and the influences that shaped her.

Keywords:-Feminism, Autobiography, Empowerment, Freedom, individuality.

"The situation of woman is that shea free and autonomous being like all human creatures-nevertheless finds herself living in

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प्रस्तावनाः-

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मराठी साहित्यात वाल साहित्य वाडमय प्रकार नवे वालविश्व घेऊन मराठी साहित्याला समृद्ध करत आहे. मराठी बालविश्वाला मराठी साहित्यातून उजागर केले गेले. बालविश्वातील भाव तरल, भावना, भाषा, संवेदना बालसाहित्यातून लेखकानी मांडल्या आहेत. प्रस्तुत "केकतीचे फुले" या ल. सी. जाधव यांच्या आजळ्याा वेगळ्या नव्या बालकाव्य संग्रहातून आतापर्यंत न आलेल्या दलितबाल विश्वचा. दलित जीवनाचा आढावा घेण्याचा प्रयत्न ल.सी. जाधव यांनी केला. दलित झोपड्यातील बालविश्व, वस्तीवाड्यातील बालकांचे बकालपन मांगोडयातील बालकांचा जगण्याचा संघर्ष ल.सी.जाधव यांच्या या काव्यसंग्रहात टिपला आहे प्रस्तुत केतकीचे फुले काव्यातील बालकांचे दलित जीवन या शोधनिबंधातून दलित समाजातील बालकांचे उघड्या नागड्या बालकांचे विश्व साकार झाले त्याचा आढावा खालील प्रमाणे घेता येईल.

Research Paper - Marathi

"कुणी शिंदेचे फळे सडकती अंगणी बसुनी कामे करती बाकाचे साळिंग फिरवती इकडून तिकडे पडत राहती मळकट कपडे, चड्डी फाटली रोजच हे मग लाजच कसली सकाळ झाली, सकाळ झाली, आई मजला भूक लागली,"१

वरील ओवीतून दलित बालविश्वातील दुःख, आणि भूकेची दहाकता दाखवली आहे. कारण भूकेच्या प्रश्ना पुढे जगातले सारे तत्त्वज्ञान फिके पडते.या लहान बालकांना खेळण्याा वांगड्यांपेक्षा आणि Impact Factor 6:192 www.sjifactor.com p-ISSN 2349-9370 e-ISSN 2582-4848

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प्रस्तावना :--

सुगंध माझ्या मातीचा हा अंकुश सिंदगीकर यांचा पहिला बालकविता संग्रह आहे. मूळात अंकुश सिंदगीकर हे कवी आणि कथाकार म्हणून सर्व परिचित आहेत. त्यांच्या या पहिल्याच या बालकाव्य संग्रहात अंकुश सिदगीकरांनी बालविश्वाचा शोध घेतला आहे. एक जिल्हा परिषद शिक्षक असल्यामुळे बालकांच्या मनोविश्वाचा छान अभ्यास होता. सतत बालकांच्या सहबसात राहून त्यांचे भावविश्व त्यांनी सुगंधी माझ्या मातीचा या बालकविता संग्रहातून शब्दांकित करण्याचा खूप चांगला यशस्वी प्रयत्न केला आहे. मराठी साहित्यात बालसाहित्य हा वाड.मय प्रकार मोठया ताकतीन सकार होताना आज दिसतोय पण त्या प्रमाणात बालसाहित्याचा प्रवाह वाढताना दिसत नाही. त्यातच अंकुश सिंदगीरकर यांच्या सुगंध माझ्या मातीचा या बालकविता संग्रहानं मराठी बालसाहित्यात चांगलीच भर घातली आहे. खालीलप्रमाणे आपण त्यांच्या बालकविता संग्रहातील बालकांच्या भावविश्वाचा आढावा घेणार आहोत. 'सारे आपण शिकू' या बालकवितेतून कवी अंकुश सिंदगीकर यांनी खूप चांगला संदेश दिला ती कविता

पहा,

"चला सारे चला आता शाळेला चला खूप खूप खेळू सरे जग शिकू घेऊ शिक्षणाचा वसा जगात उमठवूया ठसा झाडे लाऊनीया आरोग्य आपले जपू देश आपला महान तिरंगा आपली शान सारे जनशाळेत टिकू आता कुणी ना हुकू" ⁸

लहान मुलांचे वालविश्व रेखाटतांना कविंनी बंडया दादा आणि चिंटू पिंटू या दोन बालकवितेतून शाळेतील मुलांचे बोलके भावविश्व मांडले त्या कविता पहा, 'बंडया दादा बंडयादादा, करतो खोडया किती

शाळेमधल्या बाईची, तुला वाटन नाही का भीती अवतार तुझा पाहून, सारी पळती इकडे तिकडे बाई दिसता समोर, तुझी चड्डी होई ओली'^{'२}

तसेच चिंटू पिंटू कवितेच्या ओळी पहा,

''चिंटू पिंटू रूसलास काय शाळेला येईनाशी बसलास का? आईशी रोजच घेतोस पंगा वर्गात संगळयांशी करतोस दंगा सांग सांग आईवर रूसलास का शाळेला येइंनाशी बसलास का?

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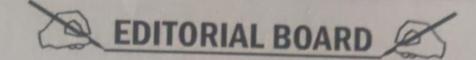
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20. Comparative Analysis of HR Polices of Aided and Unaided Schools and its Impact on Teachers' Performance in Wardha District

Miss. Akansha A. Bhargava Researcher Prof. Dr. Rajvilas R. Karmore Supervisor, Vidya Vikas Arts, Commerce & Science College, Samudrapur, Disst. Wardha.

Abstract

The focus of this research work is to do comparative analysis of HR Policies of Aided and Unaided Schools and its Impact on Teacher's Performance in Wardha District. The study was comprised secondary aided and unaided school form Wardha District. Study was focus only on Aided, partially aided. Self-Finance, and Permanently Unaided & Unaided Schools. The research findings were revealing the quality of education provided by secondary schools as well as the art condition of HR practices and teacher's performance in secondary schools in various nodes of Wardha District.

Introduction

Nature abundant with natural resources, capital and technology cannot make rapid economic and social progress, unless it has a rich pool of competent people to harness and utilize these resources. Economically developed countries have a rich supply of quality and hardworking human resources who are actively involved in their nation building as compared to economically backward countries.

Vast number of human resources remain unutilized and wasted due to lack of employment opportunities, poor skills, outdated HR practices and resistance to change 1f properly utilized human resources will help in adding value to the economic growth of the country by becoming most important asset of any organization.

In present study, Human Resource is the department or authority(s) having charged with finding, screening, recruiting and training employees in secondary schools, as well as administering employee-benefit programs.

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Aided schools are the education institutions that are owned by the Government or private management. However, the rules and regulations followed here are same as that of the public schools. The curriculum, study materials, syllabus, examinations, etc. for each class of education are done according to the government rules. For the high school classes the final examinations will be same as that of the public schools. These schools are partly or fully funded by public or government fund. In these institutions, the education would be provided for all students taking admissions there. The fee structure, PTA fund, etc.

Private schools are also the education institutions where the students obtain education under the supervision of a teacher. These institutions are fully owned and controlled by the private management. However, these institutions are still subject to the government rules to some extent, especially in the monetary respects. Since these institutions are not government funded, they should have limitations in the usage of financial components. The fee structure for the students may vary greatly from that of the government institutions. The students will be admitted here according to some criteria and its' totally under the control of the private management.

Performance or effectiveness of teachers is achieving the goals, which they set for themselves or which they have set for them by others such as ministries of education, legislators and other government officials, school administrators. Teacher's must possess the knowledge and skills to perform better, and must be able to use knowledge and skills appropriately.

This study Comparative analysis of HR Policies of Aided and unaided Schools and its impact on Teacher's Performance in Wardha District.

Objective of the Study

- To study the negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies.
- To study the positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees.
- 3 To study the Opinion of school authorities about considering suggestions or opinion of school employees while implementing new HR policies

Research Methodology

This paper is based on exploratory research. The primary data was collected from people through a structured questionnaire. The Secondary data was collected from different sources. Indian and international journals, newspapers

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Research Type	Sample Random Sampling
Samuel 11	Respondents from Aided and unaided Schools in Wardha
Sample Size	100 School auto-
Tools for Data Analysis:	Frequency percentage & as

Table 1: Opinion of school authorities about negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies

Strict HR policies negatively affects the performance of the employees		1	Unaided	
Yes	N	Perce nt	N	Perce
No	17	23.6	5	17.9
Sometimes	37	51,4	11	39.3
	18	25.0	12	42.9
Total	72	100	28	100
Mean	2.0139		2.25	
SD	0.4017			
T	2.361			
P	0.0202	(<0.05)		

N- Number, SD- Standard Deviation: t- t Value: P- P Value

Above Table 1 shows opinion of aided and unaided secondary school authorities about negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies. It is apparent that according to 23.6% authorities of aided secondary schools, there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies, whereas 25.0% authorities of aided secondary schools feels that sometimes there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies of aided secondary schools feels that sometimes there is negative effect on performance of school school employees due to strict HR policies of aided secondary schools feels that sometimes there is negative effect on performance of school school employees due to strict HR policies. However, 51.4% authorities of aided secondary schools reported that there is no negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies.

In addition, according to 17.9% authorities of unaided secondary schools, there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies, whereas 42.9% authorities of unaided secondary schools feels that sometimes there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies. However, 39.3% authorities of aided

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secondary schools reported that there is no negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies.

It is evident from the information that most of the authorities of aided secondary schools in Wardha city felt that there is no negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies while most of the authorities of unaided secondary schools felt that there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies at some extent. However, there is significant difference (t=2.361, P<0.05) among authorities of aided and unaided secondary schools with respect to negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies

Table 2: Opinion of school authorities about positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees

Recognition and rewards given on achievement positively affects the performance of the employees	Aided		Unai ded	
-	N	Perc	N	Perc
Yes	42	58.3	21	75.0
No	11	15.3	3	10.7
Can't Say	19	26.4	4	14.3
Total	72	100	28	100
Mean	1.6806	1 100	1_3929	
SD.	0.2439	0.2696		
T	5.142			
P	<0.0001			

N- Number, SD- Standard Deviation, t- t Value, P- P Value

Above Table 2 shows opinion of aided and unaided secondary school authorities about positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees. It is apparent that according to 58.3% authorities of aided secondary schools, there is positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees, whereas 26.4% authorities of aided secondary schools are uncertain about this. However, 15.3% authorities of aided secondary schools reported that there is no positive effect of recognition and rewards given on performance of school employees.

In addition, according to 75.0% authorities of unaided secondary schools, there is positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees, whereas 14.3% authorities of unaided secondary schools are uncertain about this

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However, 10,7% authorities of aided secondary schools reported that there is no positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees

It is evident from the information that most of the authorities of aided and unaided secondary schools in Wardha city felt that there is positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees. However, percentage of authorities in unaided secondary school feeling that there is positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees is considerably (t=5.142, P<0.01) more than percentage of authorities in aided secondary school accepting the same.

Table 3: Opinion of school authorities about considering suggestions or opinion of school employees while implementing new HR policies

Suggestions or opinion of the employees is considered while	Aided		Unaided		
implementing new HR policies	N	Percent	N	Perce	
Yes	61	84.7	17	60.7	
No	0	0.0	0	0.0	
r't Say	11	15.3	H	39.3	
Total	72	100	28	100	
	1.3056 1.78		1.78	.7857 5894	
Mean	0.4241	0.5894			
SD	4.534	4.534 <0.0001			
T P	<0.000				

N- Number, SD- Standard Deviation, t- t Value, P- P Value

Above Table 3 shows opinion of aided and unaided secondary school authorities about considering suggestions or opinion of school employees while implementing new HR policies. It is apparent that according to 84.7% authorities of aided secondary schools, suggestions or opinion of school employees are considered while implementing new HR policies, whereas 15.3% authorities of aided secondary schools are uncertain about this

In addition, according to 60.7% authorities of unaided secondary schools, suggestions or opinion of school employees are considered while implementing new HR policies, whereas 39.3% authorities of aided secondary schools are uncertain about this

It is evident from the information that most of the authorities of aided and unaided secondary schools in Wardha city felt that suggestions or opinion of school employees are considered while implementing new HR policies. However, percentage of authorities in aided

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secondary school considering suggestions or opinion of school employees while implementing new HR policies is considerably (t=4.534; P<0.01) more than percentage of authorities in unaided secondary school accepting the same.

Conclusion

- Most of the authorities of aided secondary schools in Wardha city felt that there is no negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies while most of the authorities of unaided secondary schools felt that there is negative effect on performance of school employees due to strict HR policies at some extent.
- Most of the authorities of aided and unaided secondary schools in Wardha city felt that there is positive effect of recognition and rewards given on achievement on performance of school employees.
- Suggestions or opinion of school employees are considered while implementing new HR policies of aided and unaided secondary schools.
- Most of the authorities of aided and unaided secondary schools felt that work performance of teaching and non-teaching staff is affected because of assigning so many responsibilities.

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महात्मा फुले यांच्या अखंड काव्याचा ऐतिहासिक विचार

प्रा.डॉ. विठोबा चंदनखेडे इतिहास विभाग, विद्या विकास महाविद्यालय, समुद्रपुर

प्रा.डॉ. मिलिंद कांबळे मराठी विभाग. विद्या विकास महाविद्यालय, समुद्रपुर

प्रस्तावना :--

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महात्मा जोतीराव फुले हे १९ व्या शतकातील महान कर्ते समाजसुधारक होते. हजारो वर्षापासून मूक्या लमाजाला त्यांनी बोलते केले नव्हे तर त्यांना माणूस मणून जगण्याचे आत्मभान आणून दिले. या भारत दगात शिक्षणाच्या कांतीची मशाल पेटवण्याचे काम त्यांनी केले. दलितांसाठी शिक्षण तसेच स्त्री शिक्षण, अस्पृश्योध्दाराचे कार्य त्यांनी प्रस्थापित जातीयवादी व्यवस्थला झुगारून केले. भारताच्या परंपरागात समाजाच्या बिरूष्ट बंड करणारे पहिले समाज पुरूष म्हणजे जोतीराव फुल होत. त्यांची वैचारिक भूमिका समतेची, परिवर्तनाची होती. आयुष्यभर त्यांनी मानव मुक्तीसाठी लढा उभा केला. प्रस्तुत महातमा फुले यांच्या अखंड काव्याचा एतहासिक विचार या शोध निबंधातून खालील प्रमाण घण्यात यईल.

महात्मा फुले यांनी अखंड काव्यातून समग्र मानबी जीवनाचा आढावा घेण्याचा प्रयत्न केला. मानवाचा धर्म, आत्मपरोक्षण, नीती, समाधान सहिष्णुता, सदविवेक, उदयोग, रवच्छता, ग्रहकार्यदक्षता इत्यादी गण्टीवर त्यांनी जोरदार भाष्य करण्याचा प्रयत्न केला महात्मा फुले आपल्या अखंड काव्यात सांगतात.

सर्वाचा निर्मिक आहे एकधनी

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 त्याचे भय मनी, धरासर्व ॥ १॥ न्यायाचे वरन्चा उपयोग घ्यावा आनद करावा, भांडू नये ॥ २॥ भर्मराज्य भेद मानवा नसावे सत्याने वतीने, ईशासाठी ।। ३।। सर्व सुखी व्हावे भिवा जी मागती आर्यास सांगतो, जोती म्हण ॥ ४॥'

> वराल अखंड काव्यातृन महातमा फुल यानी चिरंतन अशी वैष्ट्रिक भूमिका मांडली आहे. त्यांनी ईएवरा संदर्भात निर्मिक हाब्द वापरला आणि मानव जातीला त्याचे भय नहमी असाव लागत. माणसान न्यायाने वागावे आपआपसात धनासाठी भाडू नये, भेदाभेद करू नये हा न्याय निवाडा त्यांनी केला आहे. मानवजात सुखी व्हावी हा ऐतिहासिक विचार त्यांनी माडला आहे.

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तसेच मानवांचा धर्म एक या अखड काव्यात पुढे ते सांगतात,

''क्षत्रियांनो, तुम्ही कष्ट करी व्हावे कुटुंबा पोसावे, आंनदाने ।। १।। नित्य मुलीमुलां शाळेत घालावे अनदान द्यावे विद्यार्थ्यांस ।। २।। सर्वाभौमसत्य स्वतः आचरावे सुखें वागवावे, आर्यभट्ट ।। ३।। अशा वर्तनाने सर्वासुख द्याल स्वतः सुखी व्हाल, जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥"

तसेच महात्मा फुले यांच्या पुढील काव्यात जात व्यवस्था आणि शुद्र अशा महारा व मांगा विषयो बोधपर विचार आले ते म्हणताल को, 'सारे स्वी पुरूष भावडात लेखी मांग म्हारा दुःखी करीताती ।। १।। खिस्त महमदा सत्वाने आळवी मानवा वळवी, ईशाकडे ॥ २॥ धर्म-देश-जाती-भेद नाही तिल्य शोभे मनुज्याला खरी माता अशा मानवीस सत स्वो म्हणावी. तिची किली गाबी, जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥" सारे रवी पुरूष एक समान आहेत. महार-माग

याना समानतेने वागवा. धर्मजात, देश असे भेद मनात

ISSN: 2394 5303 Impact Factor 8.012(IIJIF) Peer-Reviewed Inter	rnational Journal Science Vol-01 0112
ISSN: 2394 5303 (8.012(IDJF)) Peer-Reviewed Inter आणू नका असे महात्मा जोतीराव फुले सांगतात म्हणून पुढच्या अखंड काव्यातून आलेला विचार पहा, 'रंज्ञो पुनर्विवाह करण्यासाची बंदी अन्यायाची धुंदी थांग नाही ।। १।।	वेद मनु नाही आत्मपरीक्षण आर्यास दुषण जोती म्हणे।। ७।।'" महात्मा फुले हे मांग आणि आर्य या संदर्भात
खोटया नोटा खते आर्या जी करी ता लांच बहु खाती अन्यायाने ॥ २॥ अन्यायी ब्राम्हण बहु ठाई होती	नवा विचार मांडताना दिसतात ते म्हणतात को, ''मांग आर्यमध्ये पाहू खूण एक आत्माजाण, दोघांमध्ये ।। १।। दोघेही सारीखे सर्व खाली पिती
दुःख सर्वा देती जोती म्हणे ॥३॥ अन्य शुद्र लोकां पुराणे सांगती बंड करविती हितासाठी ॥४॥'' ⁸ समानतेच्या संदर्भात या पृथ्वीतलावरील सर्व	इच्छा ती भोगीती सारखेच ॥ २॥ मांग आर्य दोषे शोभा मानवात दोघे वर्तनांत एकसदा ॥ ३॥ सर्व ज्ञानामध्ये आत्मज्ञान श्रेष्ठ
भावंडे आहेत ते एकतेने वागतात जातीभेद मानत नाहीत. त्या कालखंडातमहात्मा फुले यांनी त्यांच्या अखंडात इतका ऐतिहासिक आणि परिवर्तनवादी विचार मांडले आहेत ते लिहितात की,	कोणी नाही भ्रष्ट जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥'' महात्मा फुले कर्ते सुधारक होते. आधी केले आणि मग सांगितले ही त्यांची आयुष्यभर भूमिका
''मानवांचा जो का अन्यायन करी भावंडाचे परी लेखी सर्वा ।। १।। मांग म्हारा— निंदा ठावी नाही व्यथा	होती. माणसाने सत्याने वागावे आणि जगावे हा मंत्र त्यांनी आयुष्यभर दिला त्यांच्या अखंड काव्यात त्यांनी मानवांचा खरा धर्म सत्यात लपलेल्या नीतीमध्ये आहे

तो कसा ते पहा,

भावंडाचे परी लखा सवा ॥ १॥ मांग म्हारा— निंदा ठावी नाही व्यथा जाळी आर्यग्रंथा अग्नीमध्ये ॥ २॥ ऐश्वर्याच्या मदी कोणास न छळी घाला रसातळी द्वेषभाव ॥ ३॥ घ्यालाच म्हणावा सत्यवादी पुरा जोती बंधू खरा मानवांचा ॥ ४॥'"

आत्मपरीक्षण या अखंड काव्यातून निर्मिकांच्या बाबतीत आणि आर्यांच्या बाबतीत आणि शुद्रांना कसे अन्यायी पध्दतीने छळले जाते याचा ऐतिहासिक संदर्भ खालील अखंड काव्यातून येतो तो पहा,

''निर्मीके निर्मीके मनुज सकळ दिलें बुष्दीबळ कमजास्ती ॥ १॥ बुष्दी प्रामाण्याने उद्योगा लागती यश मिळविती धंदयामध्ये ॥ २॥ शिपायाचे धंदे आर्याजीने केले शुद्रास जिंकीले शस्त्रे अस्त्रे ॥ ३॥ पिढीजादा त्यांचे दास बनविले सृड उगविले सर्वकामी ॥ ४॥ शूर भिल्ल कोळी शुरानें तोडीले हाकलून दिले रानीवनी ॥ ५॥ मांग महाअरी केले बहु जेर ''सत्याविण नाही धर्म तो रोकडा जनांशी वाकडा मतभेद ॥ १॥ सत्य सोडूं जाते वादामध्ये पडे बुध्दीस वाकडे जन्मभर ॥ २॥ सत्य तोच धर्म करावा कायम मानवां आराम सर्वठायी ॥ ३॥ मानवांचा धर्मसत्य हीच नीती बाकीची कुनीती जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥'¹⁰ तसेच पुढील अखंड काव्यात महात्मा फुले म्हणतात की, ''खोटे बोलुनीया अज्ञान्या पिडणे लुटुनिया खाणे भावंडास ॥ १॥ विश्वासघाताने मित्रास नाडणे

नव्हते लक्षणे सज्जनांची ॥ २॥ धंदा कलालांचा कुटुंबा पोसणे

मद्यपी करणे मुलींमुला ॥ ३॥

मानवांचा धर्मसत्य खरी नीती बाकीची कुनीती जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥''[®] मानवी जगण्यात धीर असावा तरच तो माणूस ISSN: 2394 5303

मोठा होत असतो. जीवनाच्या अनेक संकटात माणसाने धीराने समोरे जावे. महात्मा फुले यांनी अखंडात धीरा विषयी मूलगामी विचार सांगितले आहते ते पहा, 'धीर सोडीतांच शुद्रां दास केले आर्याजी ताठले ऐश्वर्यात ।। १।। भित्रे शुद्र वेडे अज्ञानी बापुडे अज्ञानी म्हणूनी म्लेंच्छाशी लढले प्राण्याशी मुकले आर्या पाई ।। ३।। शूर मांगा म्हारा आर्ये नागवीले पशूवत केले जोती म्हणे ॥ ४॥' १०

प्रस्तुत अखंडातून जोतीबा फुले म्हणत आहेत की, घीर सोडल्यामुळे आर्यानी शुद्धंना, मांग महारांना छळले आहे. म्हणून माणसांनी शूर असावे तरच आपला निभाव लागतो. व्यवस्थेशी व वाईट प्रवृत्तीविषयी आपण मुकाबला करायला हवा असा विचार त्यांनी व्यक्त केला.

समाधान वृत्ती हा मानवाचा विकासाचा खरा मार्ग आहे. समाधान ही तृप्तीची खूण आहे म्हणून महात्मा जोतीबा फुले समाधान या अखंड काव्यात समाधान विषयी सांगतात की,

'प्राणीमात्रा सर्व निर्मीली साधने ती दिली परोपरी ।। १।।

पदार्थ निर्मुन सर्वास पोशीले आनंदीत केले सर्वकाळ ।। २।। त्यापैकी मानव बुध्दीमान केला सत्यवर्तायाला मासल्यात ॥ ३॥ रजले गांजले अनाथा पोसावे प्रितीने वागावे वंधू परी। 1811 त्याच्या खटाटोपी आणाध्यानी मनी उपकार मनी जी वेभावे ।। ५।। परपिडा देणे मानवा दुषण कळीचे साधन जगामाजी ।। ६।। कृतज्ञ होऊनी मानी समाधान

तृप्तीची ती खूण जोती म्हणे ॥ ७॥" रह

हजारो वर्षापासून इथल्या शूद्रांना मांग आणि महारांना कसे ब्राम्हण आणि आर्यानी लुटले त्यांचे कसे शोषण केले, त्यांना कसे अज्ञानी ठेवले या बद्दल महात्मा जोतीबा फुले सहिष्णुता या अखंड काव्यात

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 सागतात की,

'इराणी भटजी बळीर थानी आले क्षत्रीया जिंकीले द्रव्यलोभ ।। १।। वेदामध्ये आहे त्याचा मागमुद्या शिपायाचा धंदा आर्य केला ॥ २॥ जिंकील्या मानवा स्पर्शी बंदी केली घेईना सावली द्वेषवुध्दी ॥ ३॥ विद्या बंद केली अज्ञानी ठेवीले लंड धनी झाले लुटमाप ।। ४।। सहिष्णुता खरी मांगा महाराची फजीती आर्याची जोती म्हणे ॥ ५॥'**

सारांश :--प्रस्तुत महात्मा फुले यांच्या अखंड काव्याचा ऐतिहासिक विचार या शोधनिबंधातून महात्मा फुले यांच्या कार्याचा आढावा तसेच त्यांच्या अखंड काव्यातून आलेला मानव मुक्तीचा विचार बघितला. हजारो वर्षापासून शुद्रांना कसे पिळवले जात होते, त्यांचे कसे शोषण केले जात होते यावर प्रकाश टाकण्याचे काम या शोधनिबंधातून मानवी जीवनाचा खरा इतिहास आला आहे. मानवी विकासामध्ये मागे राहील्या वर्गाला दिशा देण्याचे काम महात्मा फुले यांनी केले असे म्हणता येईल.

निष्कर्ष:--

१) मानवाचा एकच धर्म तो म्हणजे मानवतावाद

२) महात्मा फुले यांनी निर्मिक संकल्पना मांडली.

३) सार्वजनिक सत्य धर्माचा त्यांनी पुरस्कार केला.

४) स्त्री पुरूष समाजतेची शिकवण दिली.

५) शुद्राला अंधकारातून दुर काढण्याचा विचार मांडला.

६) मांग-महारा विषयी ऐतिहासिक विचार जगासमोर प्रथम महात्मा फुले यांनी मांडला.

७) आत्मपरीक्षण संकल्पना मांडली.

८) नीतिचे खूप मोठे तत्त्वज्ञान सांगितले.

९) जीवनातील आणि माणसांच्या जगण्याचे खरे विचार सांगण्याचे काम फुले यांनी केले.

१०) ब्राम्हण आणि आर्याचे दृष्ट वर्तन सांगितले.

११) सहिष्णुता आणि धीर मानवी जगण्याचे मार्ग १२) महात्मा फुले एक कर्ते आणि दृष्टे सुधारक आणि मानवी मूल्याची पाठराखण करणारे महान वैचारिक योध्दा होते.

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१) धनजयकोर, ययं, माल्ड्रो, महात्मा फुल्डे शमग्र वाह भव, महाराष्ट्र राज्य साहित्य आणि संस्कृती महत्व, प्रकाशन मुंबई, पहिली आतुमी, १९६९, पृष्ठ क्रमाक ४४७

> २) तबेव, घुष्ठ, ४४९ ३) तत्रेन, पृष्ठ, ४५० ४) तबेव, एफ, R. La Q 4) तत्रेव, पुण्ड, ४५२-४५३ হ) নরন, যুত্ত, ৬৫৪-৬৫৩ ৩) নম্বৰ, দুন্ত, ৮৫৩ ८) तत्रेव, प्रस्तु, ४५९ ९) तब्रेव, प्रष्ठ, ४५९ १०) तबेव, पृष्ठ, ४६० ११) तत्रैव, पृष्ठ, ४६१ १२) तत्रेव, पृष्ठ, ४६३

> > ***

विमुद्रिकरण (नोटबंदी) चा भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्थेवर झालेला परिणाम : एक चिकित्सक अभ्यास

डॉ.एस.एल.मेढे सहयोगी प्राध्यापक : अर्थशास्त्र विभाग सिद्धार्थ कला, वाणिज्य व विज्ञान महाविद्यालय जाफ्रावाद, जिल्हा : जालना

गोषवारा

प्रस्तुत शोध निबंधामध्ये विमुद्रीकरण (नोटबर्ट या विषयी सविस्तर चर्चा करण्यात आली असून नेट बंदी नंतरच्या आर्थिक परीस्थीतीचा सविस्तर अभ्यास करण्यात आला आहे. विमुद्रीकरणाच्या अनुकूल व प्रतिकुल परिणामांचा देखील या शोध निबंधामध्ये अभ्याम करण्यात आला आहे. सर्वात महत्वाचे म्हण्डे विमुद्रीकरणाची आवश्यकता का आहे यावर देखील प्रकाश टाकण्यात आला आहे

सूचक शब्द : विमुद्रीकरण, परिणाम, अर्थव्यवस्थ प्रस्तावना :

विमुद्रीकरणामुळे काळ्यापैशावर, भ्रष्टाचराक तसेच मोठ्य प्रमाणात असणाऱ्या बनावट नोटांच्या परिचलनावर आळा बसू शकेल. त्यासोबतच, हत्यारांच्या रमगलिकरिताच्या निधीवर, हेरगिरीवर आणि दहशातवादावर ही नियंत्रण येईल असा भारत सरकार तफें दावा केला होता. विमुद्रीकरणाच्या पूर्व संध्येला पंतप्रधान नरेंद्र मोदी यांनी देशाला संबोधले आणि पुढील मुद्यावर त्यांनी जनतेला आव्हान दिले

9) ट नोव्हेंबर २०१६ च्या मध्यरात्रीपासून (००.०० तास) भारतातील सर्व बँकांचे एटीएम बंद राहतील.

२) दिनांक ६ व १० नोव्हेंबरला देखील बंद असतीत.

३) दिनांक ८ नोव्हेंबर २०१६ च्या मध्यरात्रीपासून

सध्या भारताच्या चलनात असलेल्या रु. ५०० व १०००





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७. महात्मा फुले यांच्या साहित्यातील समाजप्रबोधन

प्रा. डॉ. विठोबा चंदनखेडे इतिहास विभाग, विद्या विकास महाविद्यालय, समुद्रपूर. प्रा. डॉ. मिलिंद कांबळे मराठी विभाग, विद्या विकास महाविद्यालय, समुद्रपूर.

प्रस्तावणा

महात्मा जोतीराव फुले हे भारताच्या आधुनिक मानवतावादी संस्कृतीचे एक आद्य प्रवर्तक होत. भारत देशात वर्णव्यवस्था आहे या दृष्ट वर्णव्यवस्थेला आणि या वर्णव्यवस्थेत सापडलेल्या दीनदलित, शूद्र, अस्पृश्य माणसांना त्यांनी शिक्षीत करण्याचे काम केले. समग्र मानवी कल्याण हाच महात्मा जोतीराम फुलेंच्या कार्यांचा गाभा होता. यासाठी त्यांना फार मोठा संघर्ष करावा लागला. इथल्या धर्मव्यवस्थेत भरडलेला माणूस मुक्त करण्यासाठी त्यांचा लढा होता. त्यांचं साहित्य म्हणजे अखिल मानव जातीच्या प्रबोधनाचे हत्यार होते. महात्मा फुलेंच्या साहित्याने हजारो वर्षापासून मुक्या असणाऱ्या दीन दलितांना, अस्पृश्यांना आणि शूद्रांना लिहितं बोलतं करण्याचे काम केले. भारतातील परंपरागत समाजव्यवस्थे विरूध्द बंड करणारे पहिले पुरूष म्हणे जोतीराव फुले होत. प्रस्तुत महात्मा फुले यांच्या साहित्यातील समाजप्रबोधन या शोध निबंधाचा खालील प्रमाणे विचार करणार आहोत.

पूर्वीच्या काळी इथल्या बहुजन, दलित समाजावर खूप अन्याय अत्याचार ब्राम्हण वर्गांनी केला. हा अन्याय केवळ शिक्षणाच्या अज्ञानामुळे झाला होता. ब्राम्हण जोशी शुद्रांच्या घरी मुल जन्मले ते कश्या प्रश्वतीने मानसिक आर्थिक पिळवणूक करतात या सदंर्भात ते ब्राम्हणाचे कसब या ग्रंथात ते सांगतात,

> "सोाहोम को होम नाद इतक्यात।। आला गृहतात जोशीबुंवा ।। १ ।। पुसे जन्मकाळ राशीचक मांडी।। चाळी बोटे कांडी वेडा जैसा।।२ ।। न्याहाळुनी सर्व भोळया पिल्या बोले।। मुळावरी आले बाळ तुझ्या।।३ ।। कृत्रिम्यावे बोल पडताच कानी।। पाबरले मनी विद्याहीन ।।४ ।। मता बाळाकडे पाहुनिया।।५ ।।

तसेव बाम्हण शुद्धांच्या लग्नात कसे त्यांना आर्थिकदृष्टया लुबाडतात या बदल महात्मा फुले सांगतात. ''मागणीच्या वेळी जोशीव्वा येई।। राशीवळ पाही दिमाखाने।। १।। स्वाहिताची आस न्यून कल्पेनिया।। ग्रह यो जूनिया जपस्थापी ।। २।। लग्न वर्तविता दुकान मांडले ।। गणपती केले सुपारीचे ।। ३।। खारका खोबरे नैवद्याचा भार ।। दक्षिणा रीतसर पैसा लूट ।। ४।।

महात्मा फुले ब्राम्हणाच्या कावेबाजपणाबद्दल तसेच ब्राम्हण शुद्राच्या घरी पोथी वाचायाचे निमित्ताने शिरून त्यांच्या संसारात हात टाकून संसार कसा उध्दवस्त करतात याबद्दल ते सांगतात,

> ''बामनी कावा समजून घ्यावा।। आहेत आकलेचे खबरदार।। १।। शहाणे ठक आरपार ऋषिमंडळ धर्माचे बळ वेद सबळ ।। २।। कडक बिजली श्रापाचे घर देवा लाथ छातीवर ।। ३।। दास बा केले महावीर

ब्रहम्या मुख्य शिराव। १४।।

महात्मा फुले यांनी शब्द प्रामाण्य, रूढीप्रामाण्य, ग्रंथप्रामाण्य, जातिभेद, अस्पृश्यता यापलीकडे जाऊन माणसाने माणसासारखे वागावे अशी अपेक्षा केली होती. यासाठी बंधुतेचे, समतेचे अधिष्ठान हवे हेही त्यांनी अधोरेखित केले होते. त्यासाठी ते पुढील त्यांच्या अखंडात लिहितात,

''धर्मराज्य भेद मानवा नसावे सत्याने वागावे मानसासाठी।। खिस्त महंमद मांग ब्राम्हणांशी धरावे पोटाशी बंधुपरी ।। निर्मिकाचा धर्म सत्य आहे भांडणे अनेक कशासाठी।।''

मुस्लिमांना, खिशचन आपण सध्या चर्चेच्या बाहेर ठेवूया, पण ज्या हिंदू समाजाची ब्राम्हण आणि मांग मुस्लिमांना, खिशचन आपण सध्या चर्चेच्या बाहेर ठेवूया, पण ज्या हिंदू समाजाची ब्राम्हण आणि मांग ही दोन टोके आहेत, त्यांच्यात तरी समता प्रस्थापित झाली आहे का? शे—सव्वाशे वर्षानंतरही आपण महात्मा ही दोन टोके आहेत, त्यांच्यात तरी समता प्रस्थापित झाली आहे का? शे—सव्वाशे वर्षानंतरही आपण महात्मा ही दोन टोके आहेत, त्यांच्यात तरी समता प्रस्थापित झाली आहे का? शे—सव्वाशे वर्षानंतरही आपण महात्मा ही दोन टोके आहेत, त्यांच्यात तरी समता प्रस्थापित झाली आहे का? शे—सव्वाशे वर्षानंतरही आपण महात्मा फुलेचा अभ्यास हा समतेच्या अंगाने करीत नाही. त्याचे कारण आपण अजूनही त्यांचे मनापासून स्वीकारू फुलेचा नाही. समता आणि बंधुता ही मूल्य महात्मा फुलेंच्या चळवळीचा प्राण आहे. बाम्हणांचे कसब या पुस्तकातून ब्राम्हणांकडून शुद्रातिशुद्रांचीजी पिळवणूक होते सण, उत्सव, जन्म,मूत्यू यांच्या निमित्ताने धर्माची भीती दाखवून कसे ऌुटले जाते, यांचे काव्यमय वर्णन केले आहे ब्राम्हण शुद्रास प्रतिवर्षी भाद्रपदमासी पक्षात व वर्षतील साधारण सणावारांत व सूर्यचंद्राच्या ग्रहणकाळी कशा भुलथापी देऊन बुडवत असत.

> "शेती दास केला सोडीना शुद्राला कर बसविला वर्षासन ॥ १॥ बसुलाचा धाट भाद्रपद मासी॥ सोडीना पुत्रासी जन्मभर ॥ २॥ संकांती पाढवा भोके सर्व सणी लाज नाही मनी वाटोळयाच्यं॥३॥ तीर्थयात्रेठायी बगळयाचे परी द्रव्यहीन करी भाविकास॥४॥ व्यातिपासपुत रिकामक्या वेळी

फिरे आळोमाळी भीकमाग्या ॥ ५॥

धर्मभोळया समजुती व सुस्तपणा यापासून जनतेची मुक्तता करण्यासाठी महाराष्ट्रात दौरे काढणारे पहिले नामवंत नेते म्हणजे महात्मा फुले. जोतीरावांनी अस्पृश्यता निवारणावरचा विश्वास आत्मकृतीने प्रकट केला. सर्वच समाज त्यावेळी परंपरेच्या बंधनात मनाने सापडला होता. या समाजाला अंधकारातून बाहेर काढण्यासाठी त्यांनी आयुष्याच्या शेवटपर्यत लढा दिला. महात्मा फुले सांगतात की,

> "द्ररिद्री मुलांनी विद्येस शिवावे।। भिक्षाल मागावे।। पोटापुर्ते ।। १।। विद्वान वृष्टांनी विद्यादान द्यावे भिक्षेकरीव्हावे ।। गावामध्ये ।। २।। स्वौ--पुरूषांसाठी शाळात्या घालाव्या।। विद्या शिकवाव्या भेदनाही ।। ३।। विद्या शिकवाव्या भेदनाही ।। ३।। विद्या शिकवाव्या भेदनाही ।। ३।। स्वतः हितासाठी खर्च जे करती।। अधोगती जाती जोती म्हणे ।।४।। तसेच जोतीबा फुले पुढे सांगतात, विर्मिले बांधव स्वी पुरूष प्राणी ।। त्यात गोरे कोणी ।। रंगवर्ण ।। ५।।

सार्वजनिक सत्यधर्म या ग्रंथात फुले यांनी महत्त्वाचे विचार मांडले आहेत ते सांगतात, स्त्री अथवा पुरूष जे आपल्या कुंदुवासह आपल्या भाऊबंदास, आपल्या सोयऱ्या धायऱ्यास आणि आपल्यास पवित्र मातीत

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नाहीत आणि एकंदर मानवी प्राण्यास पिढीजात कपटाने अपवित्र मानून त्यास नीच मानीत नाहीत, त्यास सत्यवर्तन करणारे म्हणावे. स्त्री अथवा पुरूष एकंदर सर्व गावाचे, प्रांताचे, देशाचे, खंडाचे संबंधात अथवा कोणत्याही धर्मातील स्वतःच्या संबंधात, स्त्री आणि पुरूष या उभयतांनी अथवा सर्व स्त्रियांनी अथवा पुरूषांनी एकमेकांची कोणत्याही प्रकारची आवडनिवड न करता या भूखंडावर आपले एक कुटुंब समजून एकजुटीने एकमेकांशी सत्यवर्तन करून राहावे.

माणसाच्या भौतिक जीवनाचा अन्न, वस्त्र, उत्पादन हा आधार आहे. म्हणून मानवी समाजातील शेतकरी समाज निरोगी व बळकट असला पाहिजे. आधुनिक समाज हा औद्योगिक कांतीच्या आधारावर उभारलेला असतो. परंतु शेतकरी समाजाचे बळ त्याला आवश्यक असते हा समाज शास्त्रीय तात्विक दृष्टिकोण जोतीरावांनी ध्यानात धरून शेतकऱ्यांच्या आसूड च्या पहिल्या प्रकरणात ब्राम्हण शूद्रांना पाळण्यापासून स्मशानापर्यंत, गर्भाधारनापासून तीर्धयात्रेपर्यंत धर्माच्या नावाखाली कसा छळतो व त्याने शुद्रांवर लादलेले धार्मिक संस्कार व विधी कसे अखंडपणे चालू असतात याविषयी माहिती दिली आहे. ज्या ब्राम्हणांना उच्च शिक्षण घेता येत नाही, ते संन्याशाचे सोंग घेऊन समाजातील अज्ञानी आणि अशिक्षीत लोकांवर कसे वर्चस्व याजवतात व त्यांची पिळवणूक करतात, हे दाखविले आहे शेतकऱ्यांचा आसूडमध्ये फुलेंनी केवळ शेतकऱ्यांच्याच प्रश्नांची चर्चा केली नाही तर त्यांच्या जीवनाच्या दुःखकारक परिस्थितीचाच केवळ आढावा घेतला नाही तर अनेक भारतीय समुहांचे निर्बध तपासले व विकासाला पायबंद घालणाऱ्या निर्बधाची चर्च केली. परदेशात जाऊ तये. अशी जी बंधने आहेत त्याला जबाबदार ब्राम्हण आहोत असे या ग्रंथात विधान आहे. हिंदू संकुचित दृष्टिने झाले याच्या अनेक कारणांपैकी परदेशगमन निषेघ हे एक होय. बाहेरच्या जगाचा संबंघ तृटला व स्वतःला ते उच्च प्रतीचे मानू लागले. यात ब्राम्हणांचा हेतू सफल झाला.

जोतीरावांनी शेतकऱ्याचा आसूडच्या दुसऱ्या प्रकरणात सांगितले आहे की, आपण सरकारी खात्यातील ब्राम्हण नोकरांविरूध्द जे आरोप केले त्याची शहानिशा करायची असल्यास सरकारी न्यायालयाने दिलेले जे निर्णय प्रसिध्द झाले आहेत त्यात किती ब्राम्हणांना शिक्षा झाली हे पहावे, म्हणजे खात्री पटेल या ग्रंथाच्या तिसऱ्या त्यांनी सांगितले प्रजासत्ताक राज्याचे महत्व भायले आहे. शुद्रांनी प्रजासत्ताक पध्दती तोडली म्हणून त्यांना पापाचे प्रायश्चित म्हणून गुलामगिरी प्राप्त झाली.

भारतातील परंपरागत समाजसंस्थाच्या विरूध्द बंड करणारे पहिले कर्ते सुधारक म्हणजे महात्मा फुले होत.

सार्यश

महात्मा जोतीराव फुले यांचे समग्र साहित्य सामाजिक कांतीचे हत्यार आहे. हे हत्यार समता स्वातंत्र्य आणि बंधूता या मानवची मूल्यांवर विश्वास ठेवणारे आहे. त्यांच्या साहित्याचा केंद्र या देशातला दीनदलित, शुद्र आणि बहुजन समाज आह. गुलामगिरी, ब्राम्हणाचे कसब शेतकऱ्याचा आसूड, सार्वजनिक सत्यधर्म, अखंड काव्य इत्यादी ग्रंथातून त्यांनी समाजाला दिशा देण्याचे काम केले. समाजात प्रबोधन घडवण्याचे काम

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त्यांनी केले. म्हणूनच त्यांना कर्ते सुधारक म्हटले जाते. इतके भरीव कार्य त्यांनी आणि त्यांच्या साहित्याने

केले.

निष्कर्ष

- १. महात्मा फुले यांचे साहित्य कांतीची नवी मशाल आहे.
- २. समाज जागृती, समाज प्रबोधन हा त्यांच्या साहित्याचा केंद्रबिंदू होता.
- महात्मा फुले यांनी बहुजनांना शिक्षीत केले त्यांना बोलते केले.
- शोतकऱ्यांच्या दुःखाचे खरे कारण काय आहे हे त्यांनी साहित्यातून पटवून दिले.
- भारतीय शिक्षणाचे खरे जनक महात्मा फुले होत.
- माणसाला माणूस बनवण्याचे कार्य महात्मा फुले यांनी केले.
 - ७. महान शिक्षणतज्ज्ञ, महान समाजसेवक आणि शुद्रांचा पाठीराखा महात्मा फुले.

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 - ४. अतंजय कीर, महात्मा फुले : शैक्षणिक तत्त्वज्ञान और कार्य, मुंबई
 - प गगाधर पानतावणे, महात्मा फुले और आंबेडकर औरंगाबाद
 - इ. स.ग. मालशे, भारतीय समाज सुधार के आंदोलन में महात्मा फुले का स्थान, मुंबई.
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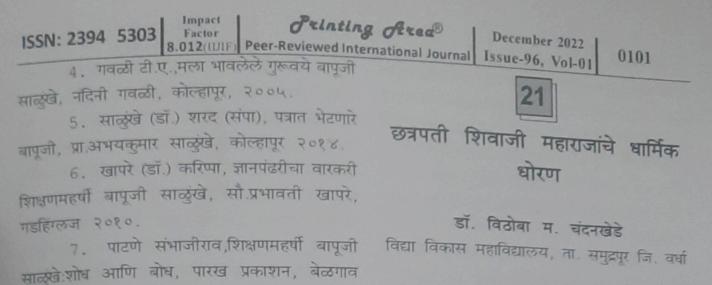






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छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांनी स्वीकारलेले धार्मिक धोरण हे मध्ययुगीन भारतीय इतिहासातील एक आश्चर्यच म्हणावे लागेल. मध्ययुगीन भारतातच नव्हे तर संपूर्ण जगात धर्माच्या नावावर भेदाभेद, जुलूम, जबरदस्ती, अन्याय, अत्याचार केले जात होते, अज्ञा परिस्थितीत शिवाजी महाराजांनी स्वधर्माचे पालन करोत असतांना आपल्या राज्यातल्या इतर धार्मिय व जाती. जमाती विषयी उदार धार्मिक धोरण स्विकारले त्याचे महत्व अनन्यसाधारण आहे. शिवाजी महाराजांच्या संपूर्ण कारकीर्दीचा विचार केल्यास असे दिसते को, त्यांच्या राज्यात सर्व धर्माच्या लोकांना आपल्या धर्माप्रमाणे वागण्याची मुभा होती. इतकेच नव्हे तर धार्मिक स्वातंत्र्य पाळले जावे, सर्व धर्माच्या लोकांचा आदर राखला जावा म्हणून त्यांनी काही जाहीरनामे व हुकूमही काढले होते. धार्मिक कारणासाठी त्यांनी वतने, इनामे, अनुदाने या स्वरूपात भरपूर दानधर्म केला परंतु हा दानधर्म करतांना जातीभेद किंवा धर्मभेद पाळला नाही हिंदू धर्मातील साधुसंताप्रमाणिच मुसलमानांचे पीर, दर्गे, मशोदी यांनाही दानधर्म केला. राजे जरी हिंदू होते तरी त्यांनी जात, धर्म, वंश, पंथ, घराणे यांचा विचार न करता सर्वाना गुणवत्तेनुसार आपल्या प्रषासनात व सैन्यात सहभागी करून घेतले रूढी परंपरांच्या बंधनात न राहता पुरोगामी विचार महाराश्यत रूजविले, परधर्माते गेलेल्या लोकांचे शुध्दीकरण करून स्वधर्मात त्यांना पुन्हा सन्मानाने जीवन जगण्याची संधी उपलब्ध करून दिली. परधर्मीयांकडून धर्माच्या नावावर केला जाणारा अन्याय त्यांनी कधीच खपवून घेतला नाही स्वधर्म रक्षणासाठी

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त्यांनी पुढाकार घेतला इतकेच नव्हे तर स्वधर्मातील मस्तवाल उच्चवर्णीयांनाही वठणीावर आाणण्यास त्यांनी मागे पुढे पाहिले नाही. एकंदरीत शिवाजी महाराजांचे धार्मिक धोरण सर्व धर्म समभावाचे होते धार्मिक उदारता हा राजाचा सर्वोच्य आदर्श होता तोच आदर्श छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांच्या धार्मिक धोरणातून प्रतीत होतो. प्रस्तावणा :

छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांचे धार्मिक धोरण हे मध्ययुगीन भारतीय इतिहासातील एक आश्चर्य होते. इ.स. च्या सोळाव्या—सतराव्या शतकात जगात धर्मसत्तेचे प्राबल्य वाढले होते, धर्मा-धर्मात मतभेद, वाद निर्माण होऊन धर्मयुध्दे सुरू झाली होती. खिश्चन धर्मात रोमन कॅथॉलिक व प्रोटेस्टंट हा वाद प्रखर बनला होता. भारतात तर सर्वत्र इस्लाम धर्माचा प्रभाव होता. त्यात खिश्चनांची भर पडली या दोनही धर्मियांनी आपल्या धार्मिक कडवेपनामुळे हिंदुवर अन्याय जबरदस्ती सुरू केली हिंटूची मंदीरे पाडणे, मुर्ती फोडणे, जबरदस्तीने हिंदूचे धर्मातर करणे, हिंदू स्त्रियांचे अपहरण करने नित्याचेच झाले होते. त्यात भर म्हणून जिझीया नावाचा धार्मिक कर हिंदूवर लावला गेला होता.

अशा परिस्थितीत छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांच्या रूपाने महाराष्ट्रात हिंदवी स्वराज्याची स्थापना झाली 'हे स्वराज्य व्हावे हे श्रीचे मनात फार आहे'' असे तत्कालीन देशपांडे वतनदार यांना पाठविलेल्या पत्रामध्ये शिवाजींनी नमुद केले आहे यावरून त्यांच्या राज्यस्थापनेच्या संकल्पनेस ईश्वराचे अधिष्ठाण होते हे स्पष्ट होते. शिवाजी महाराज धार्मिक होते त्यांची आपल्या धर्मावर श्रध्दा होती. परंतु धर्म आणि राजकारण यांची त्यांनी गल्लत होऊ दिली नाही. आपल्या राजकारणाआड एखादे धार्मिक कश्त्य येत असेल तर ते बाजुला सारून राजा म्हणून आपले जे कर्तव्य असेल त्याचे ते पालन करीत शिवाजी महाराजांचे राज्य हे स्वराज्य. स्वभाषा आणि स्वधर्म यांच्या विकासासाठी उदयाला आले होते. त्यामुळे हिंदूचे धर्मग्रंथ, देवदेवता, विद्वान, धर्मशास्वज्ञ यांचा ते आदर करीत आणि साधुसंताचा आपल्याला आशिर्वाद मिळावा म्हणून त्यांचा मानसन्मान करीन परंतु स्वधर्मा चे पालन म्हणजे इतर धर्माचा तिरस्कार करने जुलूम, जबरदरती करून त्यांना दडपून टाकने असा त्याचा अर्थ होत नाही. त्यामुळेच शिवाजी महाराजांच्या धार्मिक धोरणाचा विचार करणे अगत्याचे आहे. धार्मिक स्वातंत्र्य

हिंदु धर्माच्या पुनरूत्थानासाठी शिवाजी महाराजांनी स्वराज्य स्थापना करण्याचे ध्येय पत्करले त्यांनी हिंद धर्माची प्रतिष्ठा वाढविण्याचा प्रयत्न केला परंत धर्माच्या नावावर इतर धर्मियांचा तिरस्कार केला नाही त्यांच्या राज्यात सर्व धर्माच्या लोकांना आपल्या धर्माप्रमाणे वागण्याची मुभा होती, इस्लामी राज्यात हिंदुना स्वातंत्र्य आणि सुरक्षितता नव्हती ती मिळवुन देण्याचा त्यांनी प्रयत्न केला. '' त्यांचा उद्देश मुसलमांनाचा उच्छेद करण्याचा बिलकुल नव्हता, मुसलमान राज्यकर्त्यानी हिंदू धर्माचा निःपात चालविला तो बंद करावा आणि सर्वांना धर्माचरनाचे पूर्ण स्वातंत्र्य असावे एवढीच मनिषा शिवाजीने धारण केली होती'"

महाराजांनी आपल्या राज्यात धार्मिक स्वातंत्र्य पाळले जावे, सर्व धर्माच्या लोकांचा आदर राखला जावा म्हणून काही जाहिरनामे व हुकूम काढले होते. १. युध्द मोहिमेवर असतांना सैनिकांनी बायको, कालावंतीन, कुणबीनी यांना आपल्यासोबत आणू नये. २. शत्रुकडील स्त्रिया, मुले हाती लागल्यास त्यांना कोणत्याही प्रकारचा त्रास न देता आदराने वागवावे. मस्लीमांचे धार्मिक स्थळ असलेल्या मशिदींना धक्का लाऊ नये

४. मुस्लीमांचा पवित्र धर्मग्रंथ 'कुराण' ची प्रत हाती लागल्यास ती सन्मानपूर्वक एखादया मुस्लीम सैनिकांस टयावी

५. मुस्लीम साधु, फकीर पुरूषांच्या वास्तव्याच्या ठिकाणी जाणे झाले तर त्या ठिकाणी त्रास देवून लुटालूट करू नये

या जाहिरनाम्यामुळे व त्याचे काटेकारेपणे पालन करण्याच्या शिवाजी महाराजांच्या प्रवृत्तीमुळेच खाफीखान सारखा मुस्लीम लेखक महाराजांच्या उदार धार्मिक वृत्तीचे कौतुक करतांना म्हणतो, ''त्याने आपल्या सैनिकांकरिता असा सक्त नियम केला होता की, सैनिक ज्या—ज्या ठिकाणी लुटालूट करण्यास जातील तेथे तेथे त्यांनी मशिदीस, कराणग्रंथास अथवा कोणत्याही स्त्रेस त्रास देवू नये जर एखादा क्राणाचा ग्रंथ हाती

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ISSN: 2394 5303 Impact Factor 8.012(IIJIF) Peer-Reviewed International Journal Issue-96, Vol-01 आला तर त्याबद्दल पुज्यभाव दाखवून तो आपले मुसलमान नोकराचे स्वाधीन करीत असे.''' १६७९ मध्ये औरंगजेबाने 'जिझीया' हा केवळ हिंदूवर लादला जाणारा कर परत चालू केला तेव्हा शिवजी महाराजांनी आपला पारसनीस निलप्रभू यांच्याकरवी औरंगजेबाची कानउघाडणी करणारे पत्र फारशी भाषेतून पाठविले ते म्हणतात. ''अस्मानी किताब म्हणजे कुराण.... ते ईश्वराची वाणी आहे त्यात आज्ञा केलो जी ईश्वर जगाचा किंवा मुसलमानांचा आहे. बाईट अधवा चांगला असो हे दोनही ईश्वराचे निर्मित आहे. जेथे मशीद आहे त्याचे स्मरण करून देतात जेथे देवालय आहे तेथे घंटा वाजवितात त्यास कोनाचे धर्मास विरोध करणे हे आपले धर्मापासून सूटणं व ईश्वराचं लिहीले ते रद्द करून त्यावर दोष ठेवणे आहे.'"

शिवाजी महाराजांकरिता हिंदू व मुस्लीम हे दोनही धर्म श्रेष्ठ होते दोनही धर्म एकाच ईश्वराची लेकरे आहेत त्यामुळे धर्माच्या नावावर कुणावरही अत्याचार करने योग्य नाही असे त्यांचे मत होते. मंदीर व मशीद दोन्हीला पवित्र व पूज्य माननाऱ्या शिवाजी महाराजांच्या धार्मिक धोरणाची बैठक मानवतेच्या महान तत्वावर आधारलेली होती हे यावरून स्पष्ट होते. भेदभावरहीत दानधर्म :

शिवकाळात भारतातील तत्कालीन मुस्लीम राज्यकर्ते हिंदू मंदीराच्या विध्वंसासाठी, हिंदूचे धर्मपरिवर्तन घडवृन आणण्यासाठी स्वतंत्र विभाग उघडून त्यावर अधिकाऱ्यांच्या नेमनुका करीत ही पार्श्वभूमी लक्षात घेता शिवाजींनी दानधर्म करतांना स्वीकारलेली भूमिका विचारात घेणे महत्वाचे ठरते.

वास्तविक शिवाजी महाराज वतनदारीच्या विरोधात होते तरीही धार्मिक कारणासाठी त्यांनी वतने, इनामे, अनुदाने या रूपात मुक्तहस्ते दामधर्म केलेला आढळतो. दानधर्म करतांना त्यांनी कधी हिंदू—मुस्लीम असा भेदभाव केल्याचे मात्र दिसून येत नाही हिंदू धर्मातील साधुसंताप्रमाणेच मुसलमानांचे पीर, दर्गे, मशीदी याची व्यवस्था देखील स्थान पाहून चालविली याबाबतीत सभासद बखरीत म्हटले आहे. '' मुलखात देवे देवस्थाने जागो जागी होती त्यास दिवाबत्ती, नैवैद्य स्थान पाहून यथायोग्य चालविले वैदिक ब्राम्हण यासि योगक्षेम,

ब्राम्हण त्यांचे कुटुंब पाहृन अन्नवस्त्र ज्यास जे लागेल त्याप्रमाणे धान्य, द्रव्य त्यास गावचे गावी माहली नेमून देऊन साल दरसाल त्यास कारकुनांनी पाठवावे.''

'' शिवाजी महाराजांनी अग्निहोत्री, वेदशास्त्रसंपन्न बाम्हण, तिर्थोपाध्ये वेरूळचे घृष्णेश्वर मंदीर, नाषिक जवळील सप्तशृंगी मंदीर, शिखर शिंगणापूर मंदीर, नवलपूरचे देवस्थान इत्यादींना दानपत्र व वर्षासने दिली. वेदमुर्ती पुरूपोत्तम भट, सोमयाग भटवुरडी राहणार तिरूपती यास पुजेसाठी दरवर्षी ३० होन, मुटगल गावच्या महादेवाच्या मंदिरातील महापुरूष गोसावी यांना मुदगल गाव मोकासा म्हणून दिले.'" महाराजांनी हिंदूप्रमाणेच मुस्लीमांच्या देवस्थानांना व संतानाही इनामे व सवलती दिल्याचे ऐतिहासिक कागदपत्रातून दिसून येते.'' केळशीचे मुसलमान संत हजरत पीर सैय्यद याकुत यांच्या दर्ग्याला उद फुले व फकिराची बिदागी यासाठी उंटबर कळशी या गावातील ६५३ एकर जमिनीचे उत्पन लावून दिले' " "मौजे भांबवडे येथील मशीदीच्या व्यवस्थेसाठी इनाम दिले." इंदापूर येथील मशीदीसाठी एक एकर जमीन व तेल इत्यादी बाबत व्यवस्था केल्याचा उल्लेख आढळतो" "१६५६ च्या एका पत्रातून काजी इब्राहीम व षरीफ यांस मशीदीत खुतबा वाचण्यसाठी इनाम दिल्याचा उल्लेख आहे. अफजलखानाच्या वधानंतर बराच प्रदेश शिवाजी महारांजांच्या वर्चस्वात आला तेव्हा तेथील हिंदू मुसलमानांच्या मनात अशी भिती निर्माण झाली को आपली वर्षासने इनामे नष्ट होतील परंतु शिवाजी महाराजांनी १८ डिसे. १६६० ला एक पत्र काढून त्यांच्या मनातील भिती दूर केली ते म्हणतात. 'पुणे व इंदापूर व चाकण, सुपे, बारामती ऐसे इनाम हिंदू व मुसलमान यांसी इनाम आहे त्यास पेसजी आपणांस (शिवाजी महाराजांस) मुकासा असता अफजलखाना आधी जेणेप्रमाणे देणे ऐसा तह (ठराव) केला असे' " यावरून महाराजांच्या उदार धार्मिक घोरणाची साध पटते. त्यांच्या मनात जातीभेद, धर्मभेद यांना मुळीच थारा नव्हता हे स्पष्ट होते.

योग्यतेनुसार नोकऱ्याः

शिवाजी महाराजांनी हिंदवी स्वराज्य निर्माण केले परंतु ते केवळ हिंदूचेचे राज्य नव्हते तर महाराष्ट्रात राहाणाऱ्या सर्व जाती धर्माच्या लोकांचे राज्य होते.

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राजा जरी हिंदु असला तरी स्वराज्यात सर्व धर्माच्या त्योकांना योग्यतेन्सार समान वागणुक मिळत होती शिवाजीला माणसाची चांगलीच पारख होती. स्वराज्यात नोकरी देवांना त्यांनी जात, धर्म, पंघ, वंश घराणे यांचा विचार न करता वेगवेगळया धर्मातील लोकांना गुणवत्नेनुसार जयासनात व सैन्यात सहभागी करून घेतले.

स्वराज्याच्या उभारणीत महाराजांना विविध जाती जमाती व धर्माच्या लोकांचे सहकार्य लाभले. त्यात बहिजों नाईक हा रामोशी जातीचा व्यक्ती त्यांच्या गुप्लहर खाल्याचा प्रमुख होता. महाराज मोहिमेवर जाण्यापूर्वी न्यासंबंधीची इत्यंभूत माहिती तो महाराजांस प्रवित असे जीवा महाला हा नाभिक समाजातील व्यक्तो शिवाजीचा अंगरक्षक होता. प्रतापगडाच्या पायध्याशी शिवाजी-अफजलखान भेटीच्या वेळी तो हजर होता याप्रसगी शिवाजीचे प्राण वाचविण्याच्या कामी न्याने महत्त्वपूर्ण कामगिरी बजावली त्यामुळेच "होता जीवा म्हणून वाचला शिवा'" ही म्हण रूढझाली. शिवा काशीट हा महाराजांचा विश्वासू सेवक, सिद्दी जौहरने पन्दाळगडात्य वेढा दिला महाराज पन्हाळगड सोड्न विशालगडाकडे जायला निमाले तेव्हा त्याने शिवाजीचे लाग बेडल शत्र सीनिकाचे लख स्वत.कडे आकर्षित केले आणि स्वतः व्या प्रणाचे बलिदान दिले. 'मदारी मेहतर हा बेटीच्या बेळेल त्याच्या सोबत होता. स्वतःच्या प्राणाची वर्जं न करता त्याने शिवाजीत्य आप्रच्या केंद्रेतून सोडविण्यात मोल्याची कामांगिरी बजावली"" त्यांच्या मृत्युनंतर महाराजांनी रायगडाबर त्याची कवर बाधुन त्यान त्याचे विधिवन दफन केले. गुयगडावर हल्ली तत्वावाच्या समोर उनरेस असणारी बाबर मदारी मेहनराची आहे.

विज्ञापुराच्या सेवनुन निवञ्चल होऊन पाच-सहाश षद्यण रोकरीसाडी आले असना आपल्या सल्त्वगाराशी विचारविनोमय करून महाराजांनी त्याना आपत्या सैन्यात लाम्हल करून चतल त्यानाही महाराजांना यश मिळवून ट्ययान मोटा हातभार त्यावत्य होना असे ग्रंट हफ म्हणानात. शिवाजीच्या आरमाराचा प्रमुख अधिपती देखनरबान हा विश्वास आध्यकारी होता. त्याला महाराजांनी दर्वासारम ही घटवी दिखी होती नुरखान बेग हा महाराजाना सरनीयन होता त्याने स्वयज्यासाठी इ.स.

१६५७ मध्ये कल्याण व भिवंडी ही शहर काबोज केली. ''मुनशी काजी हैदर शिवाजी महाराजांचा खाजगी सचिव होता महाराजांच्या फारशी पत्रव्यवहाराचा विभाग सांभाळत होता. महाराजांच्या मृत्युनंतर संभाजी महाराजाशी न पटल्यामुळे तो दिल्लीस निघून गेला. औरंगजेबाने त्याना मगल साम्राज्याचा प्रधान न्यायाधिश नेमले'* अफजलखान भेटीच्या वेळेस महाराजांनी १० अंगरधाक बरोबर नेले होत त्यात सिद्दी इब्राहीम हा महाराजांचा विश्वासपात्र सेवक होता. एखादया व्यक्तीने महाराजांचा विश्वास संपादन केला तर ते त्यांना कधीही अंतर देत नसन मग ती व्यक्ती लहान असो अथवा मोठी, स्वधर्मी असो वा परधर्मी त्याचा विचार ते करीत नसत अशा कित्येक व्यक्तिना त्यांच्या गणाची पारख करून महाराजांनी स्वतःच्या पदरी देउल षेतले होते. यावरून त्यांच्या गुणप्राहकतेची व लोकसंग्रहाची कल्पना येते.

शद्धीकरण :

एकदा परधर्मात गेल्यावर त्याना पुन्हा हिंदूधर्मात प्रवेश दयायचा नाही अशी जुनी पण वाइंट प्रथा हिंदू धर्मात प्रचलीत होती. सक्ती केल्यामुळे छळ झाल्यामुळे किंवा अमिशाला बळी पडून काही हिंदू परधर्मात गेल त्याची इच्छा असेल तर त्यांना पुन्हा हिंदू धर्मात येण्याचे स्वातंत्र्य असले पाहिजे अशा विचाराचे शिवाजी महाराज होते. त्यांनी कर्मठ उच्चवर्णीयांच्या विरोधाची पर्वा न करता अनेकांचे शुध्दीकरण करून त्यांना परत हिंदू धर्मात आणले.

फलटनचा बलाहय सरदार बजाजी निंबाळकर, विजापुर दरबारने जबरदस्ती केल्यामुळे मुसलमान झाला होता. त्याला पुन्हा हिंदू धर्मात घेण्याकरिता मालोस्रो जिजाबाइने पुडाकार पेतत्वा इतकेच नक्ते तर त्याचा मुलगा महादजी निवाळकर याच्यापी शिवाजी महाराजांची कन्या सखुवाई यांचा १६५५ मध्ये विवाह लावून दिला. आणि निवाळकर घराण्यापी वैवाहिक संबंध जोडले.

शिवाजी महाराजांचा पराकमी सरदार वेताजी पालकर आणि त्याचा काका कोडाजी, भिर्झा राजा जयसिंहाच्या सांगण्यावरून दिल्लीस औरंगजेवाकडे गेले. औरंगजेबाने मोठया नोकरीचे आमिश दिल्यामुळे त्याने धर्मातर केले आणि मुसलमान झाला. औरंगजेबाने त्याचे नाव महमद कुलोखान देवले. अफगाणिस्थान मोहीमेवरून

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Factor 8.012(IIJIF) Peer-Reviewed International Journal Issue-96, Vol-01 प्रत आल्यानंतर औरंगजेबाने त्याची रवानगी दक्षिणेत शिवाजीवर आकमण करण्यासाठी केली. दक्षिणेत आल्यानंतर त्याला आपण केलेल्या कृत्याचा पश्चाताप बाला. त्याने शिवाजी महाराजांकडे येऊन त्यांची क्षमा मागितली. महाराजांनी मोठया मनाने त्यांना माफ केले. आपल्या सहकार्याच्या विरोधाला डावलून त्यांचे शुध्दीकरण करून घेतले व परत हिंदू धर्मात मानाने अ ग्रहण्याची व्यवस्था केली'" नेताजी पालकरांची पत्नी व मुले यांनाही बाटविण्यात आले होते. त्यांचेही शब्दीकरण करून हिंदू धर्मात घेतले.

बाजीप्रभू देशपांडे यांचा मुलगा पिलाजी याला जजीऱ्याच्या सिद्दीने फसवून कैद केले व त्याचे धर्मातर केले पिलाजी युक्तीने सिद्दीच्या तावडीतून सुटून महाराजांकडे आला तेव्हा त्यांचे शुष्दीकरण शिवाजी महाराजांनी केले गयाजी नरशी देश कुलकर्णी यांचा मुलगा शामजी यालाही महाराजांनी शुष्द करून हिंदू धर्मात घेतले.

शिवाजी महाराज रूढी परंपरावादी नसन परोगामी विचारांचे होते. त्यांनी प्रसंगी आपल्या सहकाऱ्यांच्या विरोधाची पर्वा न करता अनेक लोकांचे शुद्धीकरण करून घेतले स्वतःच्या कृतीने आधुनिक विचार स्वराज्यात रूजविण्याचा प्रयतन केला.

धर्मरक्षण :

धर्माच्या नावावर कुणी जुलूम, जबरदस्ती अन्याय केला तर शिवाजी महाराज तो सहन करीत नसत स्वधर्मरक्षणाचि कार्य आपण करू शकलो नाही तर आपले राजपद व्यर्थ आहे अषी त्यांची भावना होती. औरंगजेबाने हिंटूचे पवित्र काशी विश्वेश्वराचे मंदीर पाडले तेव्हा शिवाजीने खलीता पाठवून ओंगंजेबाचा निषेध केला. ''सम्राट अकबराने बंद केलेला जिझीया' कर औरंगजेबाने पुन्हा हिंदूपासून वसुल करणे सुरू केले तेव्हा शिवाजीने औरंगजेबाला पत्र पाठवून हिंदू व मुसलमान हे वेगळे नसून एकाच ईश्वराची लेकरे आहेत त्यामुळे धर्माच्या नावावर अत्याचार करने योग्य नाही असे खडसावले'"

गोव्यात पोर्तुगीजांची सत्ता होती तेथील खिश्चन लोकांकडून शेजारच्या गावातील लोकांवर अनन्वित अत्याचार केले जात. हिंदू लोकांना आपले सण, उत्सव पुजापाठ करणे कठीण झाले होते अशातच

काही धर्मपदेशकांच्या सांगण्यावरून गोव्याच्या व्हाईसग्रॅयने असा आदेश काढला की रोमण कॅथॉलिक सोडून इतर सर्व धर्मियांना हदपार केले जाईल. शिवाजी महाराजांना हे कळले तेव्हा ''त्यांनी कुडाळच्या सावंताना वठणीवर आणण्याचे निमत्त करून गोव्याच्या हदितील वारदेश वर आकमण केले. व्हाईसरॉयला सल्ला देणाऱ्या चार धर्मोपदेशकांना पकडले. आणि त्यांना मृत्युदंड दिला'** अशा प्रकारे शिवाजी महाराजांनी परधर्मियांकडून होणाऱ्या अन्याय अत्याचारापासून स्वधर्मियांचे रक्षण केले.

परधर्मियांबरोबरच स्वधर्मातील मस्तवाल बनलेल्या उच्च वर्णीयांनाही वठणीवर आणण्यास त्यांनी मागेपुढे पाहिले नाही यावावत प्रभावलीच्या सुभेदाराला आणि कारकुनांना उद्देषून महाराजांनी १६७५ मध्ये लिहिलेले पत्र अत्यंत बोलके आहे. प्रभावलीच्या सुभेदाराने सरकारकडून मिळालेले धान्य व पैसे याचे वेळेच्या वेळी योग्य वाटप केले नाही त्याने केलेल्या हया गैरव्यवहाराबद्दल जिवाजी विनायक या सभेदाराला लिहिलेल्या पत्रात महाराज म्हणतात, 'दौलनखान व दरियासारंग यांनी काही सामान आणि धान्य देण्यासाठी मोरोपंत पिंगळे या पेशव्यांनी सुभ्यावर त्या संबंधीच्या वराता (हुंडया) दिल्या होत्या आम्हास असे कळते की तो ऐवज आणि धान्य तुम्ही त्यांना दिले नाही.... तरी ऐशा चाकरास ठिकेठाक म्हणजे वेळीच ताळयावर आणले पाहिजे, तो चाकर ब्राम्हण असला तरी त्याचा आम्हाला मुलाहिजा (पर्वा) नाही. या पत्राद्वारे तुम्हाला व्यवस्थीत वागण्याची ताकीद देत आहे.'** ब्राम्हणाच्या हातून जरी राजद्रोहाचे वर्तन घडले तरी रूढी परंपरा बाजुला ठेवून त्याला आम्ही शिक्षा करू असे ठणठणीत शब्दात महाराजांनी सुभेदाराला सुनावले आहे. म्हणूनच त्यांच्या बाबतीत असे म्हटले जाते को त्यांनी ब्राम्हण म्हणून कोनाची गय केली नाही, मराठा म्हणून कोनाचे लाड केले नाही, तर शुद्र म्हणून कोनाला दूर लोटले नाही. विजापूरचा सरदार अफजलखान मारला गेल्यानंतर शिवाजी ने त्यांच्या पार्थिवावर मुस्लीम धर्मानुसार अंत्यसंस्कार करून त्यांना प्रतापगडाच्या पायथ्याषी दफन केले आजही त्या ठिकाणी अफजलखानाची कबर आहे. रायगड या राजधानीचे बांधकाम करीत असतांना आपल्या मुसलमान सेवकांना

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नमाज अदा करता यावा म्हणून त्यांनी रायगडावर मशोदीचे बाधकाम केल्याचा उल्लेख मिळतो. यावरून शिवाजी महाराज परधर्मियांचाही तितकाच सन्मान करीत जितका स्वधर्मियांचा ते मुस्लीम धर्माच्या विरोधात मुळीच नव्हते तर धर्माच्या नावावर अन्याय अत्याचार करणाऱ्यांच्या विरोधात होते हे यावरून स्पष्ट होते. निष्कर्ष :

१ शिवाजी महाराजांनी राज्यकारभार करतांना धर्म आणि राजकारण यांची गल्लत होऊ दिली नाही. एखादे धार्मिक कत्य राजकारणाआड येत असेल तर ल्यांनी सर्वप्रधम राजा म्हणून आपले कर्तव्य पार पाडले. २ हिंदवी स्वराज्य हे केवळ एका धर्माच्या किंवा जातीच्या लोकांचे नव्हते तर महाराष्टात राहणाऱ्या सर्व धर्माच्या व जाती जमातीच्या लोकांचे होते.

३ स्वराज्यात सर्वच धर्माच्या लोकांना आपापला धर्म पाळण्याचे धार्मिक सण, उत्सव साजरे करण्याचे स्वातंत्र्य होते.

४ धर्माच्या नावावर केले जाणारे अत्याचार त्यांना मान्य नव्हते त्यांच्या धार्मिक धोरणाची बैठक मानवतेच्या महान तत्वावर आधारीत होती.

५ दानधर्म करतांना त्यांनी हिंदू, मुस्लीम, उच्च निच असा भेदभाव केला नाही.

६ स्वतः हिंदू असले तरी त्यांनी जात, धर्म पद्य, वंश, घराणे याचा विचार न करता गुणवत्तेनुसार सर्वांना आपल्या राज्यात नोकऱ्या दिल्या.

७ ते प्रोगामी विचाराचे होते त्यानी रूढी परंपराच्या विरोधात जाऊन परधर्मात गेलेल्या अनेक लोकांचे शुष्टीकरण करून त्यांना परत हिंदू धर्मात घेतले.

८ हिंदूवर जेव्हा जेव्हा धर्माच्या नावावर अन्याय झाला तेव्हा तेव्हा धर्मरखणासाठी त्यांनी पुढाकार घेतला.

९ स्वधर्मपालन व परधर्मसन्मान हे त्यांच्या धार्मिक धोरणाचे एक वशिष्टये होते.

१० त्यांनी निर्माण केलेल्या सामाजिक व बार्षिक समतेमुळे महाराष्ट्रातील जनतेला प्रेरणा मिळाली या प्रेणेमुळेच पुढे मराठयांच्या स्वातंत्र्ययुष्टाच्या काळात महाराष्ट्रतील प्रत्येक माणूम औरंगजेबाविरूदा लढण्यास सिष्ट झाल्डा.

धाइक्यात छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांची धार्मिक

उदारता हे मध्ययुगातील आश्चर्य होते. धार्मिक उदारता हा राज्याचा सर्वोच्य आदर्श असला पाहिजे परंतु आज लोकशाहीप्रधान भारतात वाढत चाललेले धर्माचे वर्चस्व पढाऱ्याची राष्ट्रनिष्ठेपेक्षा तित्र असलेली धर्मनिष्ठा. झालेली तेढ पाहता शिवाजी महाराजांच्या उदार धार्मिक धोरणाची देशाला किती आवश्यकता आहे याची जाणीव होती म्हणूनच समर्थ रामदास स्वामीच्या शब्दात म्हणावेसे वाटते— 'शिवरायाचा आठवावा प्रताप शिवरायाचे आठवावे रूप'

संदर्भ :

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१२ स.मा.गर्गे (संपा), मराठी रियासन भाग-१, मृ.क.२५९

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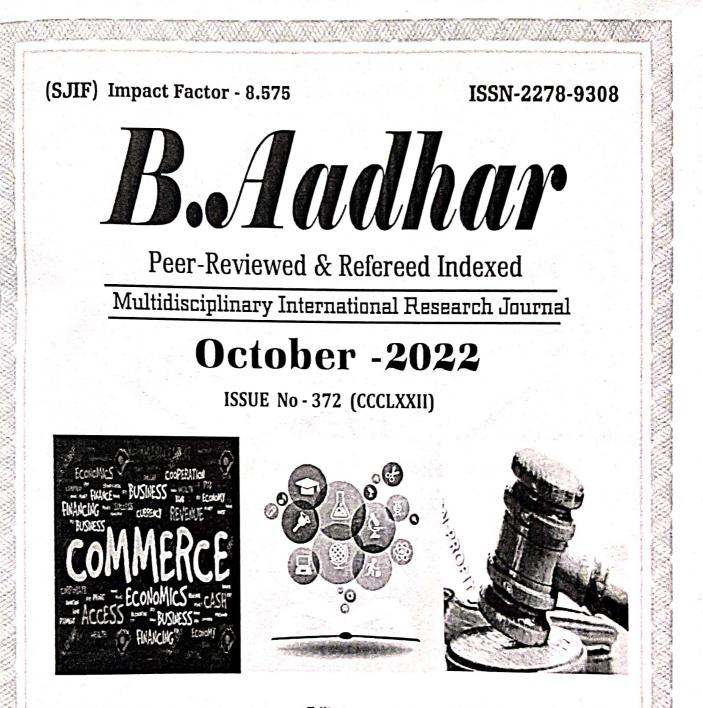
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The Effect of Deproteinised Juice (DPJ) on Seedling Growth of Different Plants (by Foliar Spray Method)

V. G. Manwatkar

Assistant professor, Vidya Vikas Arts, Commerce & Science College Samudrapur, Dist-Wardha-442305.

Abstract: During the process of preparation of leaf protein concentrates, deproteinised juice (DPJ) is obtained as a by-product. This DPJ is also known as Whey' or 'Liquor'. The chemical composition of DPJ shows that it contains a sufficient amount of non-protein nitrogen, soluble carbohydrates, calcium and potassium. Various workers suggested that DPJ can be successfully employed as a fertilizer for seed germination and the growth of plants. During the present investigation some wild and cultivated plant species viz. Brassica juncea, Brassica napus, Chenopodium album, Goniocaulon indicum, Celosia argentea, Digera muricata and Tridax procumbens have been used for the preparation of deproteinised juice (DPJ) and the effect of these DPJ has been studied on the growth of Pigeon pea, Mungbean, Wheat and Jowar seedling by foliar spray method.

Key words: Deproteinised Juice (DPJ), Plant growth, Seedling Growth, fertilizer, foliar spray etc.

Introduction and Review of Literature: - The process of "Green Crop Fractionation" (GCF) suggested by Pirie (1942). During this process, four fractions have been obtained namely Leaf juice (Leaf extract), Pressed crop residue (PC), Leaf protein concentrate (LPC) and Deproteinised juice (DPJ).

The DPJ is the fourth and last product of the green crop fractionation process. During the preparation of LPC, the LPC can be separated from the remaining part of the juice i.e. deproteinized juice (DPJ), by filtration through simple cotton or canvas cloth. The DPJ is a by-product of the GCF system, which is produced in large volume. This brown-coloured watery juice is also known as "Whey" or "Liquor."

In order to avoid local environmental bio-pollution due to the random disposal of DPJ and to make the process of GCF more economical and efficient, its proper use has to be made (Pirie, 1942). It is well known that the DPJ contains biologically active substances like sugars, carbohydrates, free amino acids, amides, minerals, vitamins and other water-soluble components. The dry matter of the DPJ contains 40% carbohydrates and 3% nitrogen as reported by Pirie (1971). Glucose and fructose are the dominant monosaccharides present in the DPJ. Various workers suggested the use of DPJ as a fertilizer or manure for the germination and growth of plants (Dakore, 1985; Ajaykumar and Mungikar, 1990a).

Dakore and Mungikar (1986) reported that the DPJ from lucerne supports the growth of Sorghum plant. Ajaykumar and Mungikar (1990a) also reported beneficial growth of maize under the influence of lucerne DPJ. Arkcoll and Davys (1973) suggested the use of DPJ for irrigation to agricultural land as a nutrient source and soil conditioner. Arckoll (1973) reported that, when DPJ is added to the soil, the growth of gas-forming bacteria increases with subsequent improvement in the structure of the soil. The treated soil with DPJ can increase the available phosphorus and potassium as observed by Ream et al. (1983) however; they also pointed out that the excess use of DPJ may have a phototoxic effect on the plants.

In the present investigation, attempts were made to study the effect of different DPJ (Brassica juncea, Brassica napus, Chenopodium album, Goniocaulon indicum, Celosia argentea, Digera muricata and Tridax procumbens) of various concentrations (0.5%, 1.0%, 1.5%, 2.0% and 2.5%) on the growth of Pigeon pea, Mungbean, Wheat and Jowar seedling by foliar spray method. Material and Methods:-

Preparation of DPJ solution: -The fresh prepared deproteinised juice was oven dried at 60°c temperature and then its different concentrations (0.5%, 1.0%, 1.5%, 2.0% and 2.5%) were prepared by dissolutions were filtered and by dissolving 0.5g to 2.5g of dry DPJ in 100ml distilled water. The DPJ solutions were filtered and used. used.

Procedure: - The seeds under investigation such as Pigeon pea, Mungbean, Wheat and Jowaroftruthful

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labels were purchased from the market. These seeds were washed and surface sterilized with 0.1% mercuric chloride solution for one minute and placed directly in the pots containing sufficient moistened soil with water. After germination and leaves emergence, the DPJ solution as described earlier of various concentrations ranging from 0.5% to 2.5% was sprayed on the seedling on alternate days (25ml/pot). Three replicates of each treatment were taken for the study. After 10 days, the resulting seedlings were taken for observation viz. shoot length, root length, fresh wt, and dry wt, per seedling.

The data obtained were statistically analyzed for standard deviation and analysis of variance (ANOVA) following Gomez & Gomez (1976) and Mungikar (2003).

Results and discussion:-

The effect of seven different DPJs on the growth of plants was studied by foliar spray. The representative results obtained during the present investigation were shown in Table no. 1-4 and Fig.1. The increase in shoot length of Pigeon pea was observed with increasing concentration from the DPJ of Brassica juncea, Digera muricata and Tridax procumbens however, other DPJ showed an increase in shoot length only in 0.5% and 1.0% concentration (Fig.1). The increase in Mungbean shoot length was observed in 1.5% concentration with the DPJ of Brassica juncea and Chenopodium album whereas other DPJ showed the increase in lower concentration i.e. 0.5%, 1.0% and 1.5% (Table no.1). The increase in shoot length of Wheat was found in all concentration, however, the lower concentration from the DPJ of Brassica napus gave the highest stimulation while remaining DPJ showed an increase in shoot length from 0.5% to 1.5% concentration. The increase in shoot length of Jowar was found in all the concentrations from the DPJ of Tridax procumbens whereas Celosia argentea DPJ showed an increase in 2.0% concentration and the remaining DPJ showed an increase in shoot length in 0.5% and 1.0% concentration.

The increase in root length of the Pigeon pea was found with increasing concentrations from 0.5% to 2.5% with all the DPJ whereas, for Mungbean it was observed in 0.5% and in 1.0% concentration only (Table no. 2). The increase in root length of Wheat was found in 0.5% to 1.5% concentration from the DPJ of Brassica juncea, Chenopodium album, Digera muricata and Tridax procumbens whereas other DPJ showed stimulation in all the concentrations, particularly in lower (0.5% to 1.5%) concentration. However, Jowar showed an increase in root length in 0.5% and 1.0% concentration from all the DPJ under study.

The increase in fresh-weight seedlings of Pigeon pea was found in all the concentrations with all the DPJ, however, the highest weight was observed in lower concentrations i.e. from 0.5% to 1.5%, except Brassica juncea DPJ which showed an increase in 2.0% concentration. The increase in fresh weight seedlings of Mungbean was observed with all the DPJ's in 0.5% and 1,5% concentration except Tridax procumbens DPJ which showed a reduction in the weight of fresh seedlings (Table no. 3). The increase in fresh weight seedling of Wheat and Jowar was observed with all the DPJ's in lower concentration i.e. 0.5% to 1.5%, except Digera muricata DPJ which showed the increase in fresh weight seedling of Jowar only at 2.0% concentration.

The increase in dry weight of seedlings of Pigeon pea was found in all the DPJ from 0.5% to 1.5% concentration except the DPJ of Brassica juncea and Brassica napus which showed an increase in lower as well as in higher concentration. The increase in dry weight seedlings of Mungbean was observed in 1.0% and 1.5% concentration with all the DPJs except Goniocaulon indicum and Tridax procumbens DPJ which showed a reduction in the weight of dry seedlings (Table no.4). Brassica juncea and Celosia argentea DPJ showed increased in dry weight seedling of Wheat in lower as well as in higher concentration whereas other DPJ's showed the increase in weight from 0.5% to 1.5% concentration. The weight reduction was observed from the DPJ of Chenopodium album and Goniocaulon indicum. The Jowar showed an increase in the dry weight of seedlings in lower concentration (0.5% to 1.5%) with all DPJ except the DPJ of Goniocaulon indicum which showed a

The results on the growth of plants showed that the majority of the DPJ showed a positive effect on plant growth particularly in lower concentrations (0.5% to 1.5%) however, a decrease in germination and growth was observed at higher concentrations (2.0% & 2.5%). Maindarkar (1990) studied the effect of DPJ on the germination of maize, wheat, sorghum and mungseed and she reported



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that at higher concentrations the DPJ inhibited the germination of seed by reducing the growth of root as well as shoot and indicated that the DPJ should be used as a fertilizer after emergence and establishment of crop plant in the agricultural land. However, Gogle (2000) studied the effect of DPJ from ten different plants on eighteen crops and showed the inhibitory effect, whereas in some cases germination was also observed at a lower concentration. It indicates that the inhibition of the species from which it was extracted.

Salve and Gangawane (1984) observed increased nodulation and superior growth of ground nut plants due to the application of DPJ to soil as a source of fertilizer. Jadhav and Mungikar (1998b) studied the effect of DPJ on the growth of cowpea and reported that DPJ applied at low concentration enhances the nodulation, increased the yield of root biomass and improve the height of the plant and results in increased yield of foliage. However, the application of DPJ at higher concentrations was found phytotoxic to the plants of Pea (Jadhav, 1997).

Salve and Gangawane (1984), Dakore and Mungikar (1986), Ajaykumar (1989), Ajaykumar and Mungikar (1990a) suggested a beneficial effect of DPJ on the growth of groundnut, sorghum and maize irrigated with DPJ. However, Ream *et al.* (1983) observed plant damage and reduced yield when excess DPJ was applied to the field of lucerne and maize. It is well known that the toxic constituents in the plant leaves are released in DPJ fraction during fractionation. This includes oxalates, nitrates, phenolic compounds, alkaloids, saponins, steroids etc. (Mungikar, 1974). These components are extracted in juice, and while preparing LPC, get separated and released in DPJ fraction. When the DPJ is used as a source of manure or fertilizer, it improves the growth of the plants, particularly when it is applied within limited concentration (Ajaykumar and Mungikar, 1990a; Dakore and Mungikar, 1986).

Conclusion: - Based on observations and results obtained during the present investigation foliar spray method was found to be better for seedling growth. In the present investigation lower concentrations of DPJ always gave positive results however, the higher concentrations have lethal for all the parameters which have been studied.

Name of DPJ		Conc	centration	of DPJ ((%)		C.D.(5%)	CN (M)	0.0
a state of the sta	Control	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	C.D.(5%)	C.V.(%)	S.E.
Brassica juncea	19.37	17.05	16.61	19.42	17.90	17.81	1.42	4.10	0.43
Brassica napus	9.11	19.27	20,12	16.64	15.91	15.13	1.65	5.36	0.50
Chenopodium album	11.15	13.89	10,22	14.70	13.89	12.01	0.99	4.07	0.30
Goniocaulon indicum	10,14	16.14	15.19	15.94	15.04	12.52	0.81	2.99	0.24
Celosia argentea	11.16	19.83	19.00	18.35	17.28	14.99	0.98	3.03	0.29
Digera muricata	10.09	12.69	12.19	12.00	10.77	10.93	1.07	4.85	0.32
Tridax procumbens	16.44	17.47	16.66	17.96	16.83	16.02	2.25	6.94	0.68

Table No: - 1. Effect of different DPJ on shoot length (cm) of Mungbean (Foliar Spray Method)

Table No: - 2. Effect of different DPJ on root length (cm) of Mungbean (Foliar Spray Method)

Name of DPJ		Con	centratio	C.D.(5%)	C V (0)	C D			
	Control	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	C.D.(370)	C.V.(%)	S.E.
Brassica juncea Brassi	8.06	7.10	8.45	8.19	6.93	7.50	0.98	6.59	0.29
Brassica napus	9.00	8.03	9.65	7.18	7.03	5.86	0.64	4.68	0.19
Chenopodium album	8.83	8,24	10.18	8.49	8.00	10.05	0.98	5.66	0.29
Goniocaulon indicum	12.13	12.21	10.44	11.00	10.48	6.36	1.16	5.72	0.35
<u>Celosia argentea</u> <u>Digera muricata</u>	8.88	11.55	7.90	9.15	8.26	9.10	1.35	7.67	0.40
Tridax procumbens	11.12	8.58	11.37	9.32	8.43	7.89	0.66	3.68	0.20
procumbens	8.26	10,56	9.91	9.04	8.72	8.07	0.96	5.48	0.29

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All Straight and							ling (Foli	ar Spray Met	hod)	
able No:3.Effect of diffe	rent DPJ	on fresh	wt. (gi Concen	n) of N	/ungb	ean seed	ing (rea	C.D.(5%)	C.V.(%)	S.E.
Name of DPJ		ntrol	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	0.02	6.48	0.01
Brassica juncea		.20	0.20	0.21	0.10		0.18	0.04	7.72	0.01
Brassica napus		0.14	0.23	0.30	0.23	- 10	0.15	0.02	<u>6.72</u> 8.97	0.01
Chenopodium album).13).21	0.22	0.12	0.22	0.19	0.14	0.04	7.83	0.01
Goniocaulon indicum Celosia argentea).26	0.30	0.15	0.40		0.22	0.03	4.63	0.01
Disers muricata		0.33	0.33	0.36	0.34	0.22	0.30	0.04	5.75	0.01
Tridax procumbens Table No: -4. Effect of di	fferent D	0.41 PL on dr	0.29 v.wt. (9	m) of 1	Mung	bean seed	lling (Fo	liar Spray Me	thod)	
		Co	oncentra				2.5	C.D.(5%)	C.V.(%)	S.E.
Name of DPJ	Control	0.5	1.0		1.5	2.0 0.033	0.033	0.014	19.28	0.004
Brassica juncea	0.040	0.037			033	0.055	0.060	0.009	9.76	0.003
Brassica napus	0.053	0.037	_		.030	0.030	0.030	0.009	11.67	0.003
Chenopodium album Goniocaulon indicum	0.040	0.033	0.03	37 0.	.040	0.040	0.037	0.008	11.02	0.003
Celosia argentea	0.050	0.043	_		.063 .030	0.027	0.040	0.000	12.66	0.003
Digera muricata	0.040	0.040	_		.053	0.053	0.047	0.008	7.65	0.002
Tridax procumbens					S E	- Stande	ard error.			

C.D. = Critical difference, C.V. = Coefficient of variation, S.E. = Standard error.



(2.0% DPJ)(2.5% DPJ)Control (0.5% DPJ)(1.0% DPJ)(1.5% DPJ)

Fig. 1. Effect of DPJ on Growth of Plants by Foliar spray Method (Pigeon pea) **References:-**

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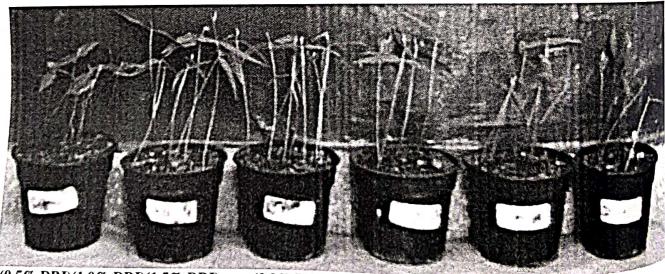
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Cable No:3.Effect of difference	ant DBL	n frash	wt (m	m) of N	Aungh	ean seedl	ing (Fol	ar Spray Met	hod)	
Name of DPJ		C	Concen	tration		C.D.(5%)	C.V.(%)	S.E.		
		Control (1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	0.02	6.48	_
Brassica juncea	0	.20	0.20	0.21	0.16		0.18	0.02	7.72	0.01
Brassica napus	0	.14	0.23	0.30	0.23		0.20	0.02	6.72	0.01
Chenopodium album		.13	0.22	0.12	0.18		0.13	0.04	8.97	0.01
Goniocaulon indicum		.21	0.24	0.22	0.22		0.22	0.04	7.83	0.01
Celosia argentea		0.26	0.30	0.15	0.40		0.33	0.03	4.63	0.01
Digera muricata).33	0.33	0.24	0.15	0.33	0.30	0.04	5.75	0.01
Tridax procumbens		0.41 0.29 0.34 0.45 0.33 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.5								
Table No: -4. Effect of d	ation of	DPI (%)		C.D.(5%)	C.V.(%)	0.5			
Name of DPJ	Central				1.5	2.0	2.5	C.D.(570)	C.V.(70)	S.E.
	Control	0.037	0.04		.033	0.033	0.033	0.014	19.28	0.004
Brassica juncea	0.040	0.037	0.0		.040	0.050	0.060	0.009	9.76	0.003
Brassica napus	0.033	0.043	-		.030	0.030	0.030	0.009	11.67	0.003
Chenopodium album Goniocaulon indicum	0.040	0.043	_		.040	0.040	0.037	0.008	11.02	0.003
Celosia argentea	0.050	0.033			.063	0.027	0.040	0.008	10.57	0.003
Digera muricata	0.030	0.040			.030	0.030	0.040	0.009	12.66	0.003
Tridax procumbens 0.0		0.047			.053	0.053	0.047	0.008	7.65	0.002
	011 (6		O D	- Stande	1			

C.D. = Critical difference, C.V. = Coefficient of variation, S.E. = Standard error.



(0.5% DPJ)(1.0% DPJ)(1.5% DPJ) (2.0% DPJ)(2.5% DPJ)Control
 Fig. 1. Effect of DPJ on Growth of Plants by Foliar spray Method (Pigeon pea)
 References: Ajaykumar, K. and Mungikar, A.M. (1990a). Fertilizer effect of dependent in the point of the provided of the provide

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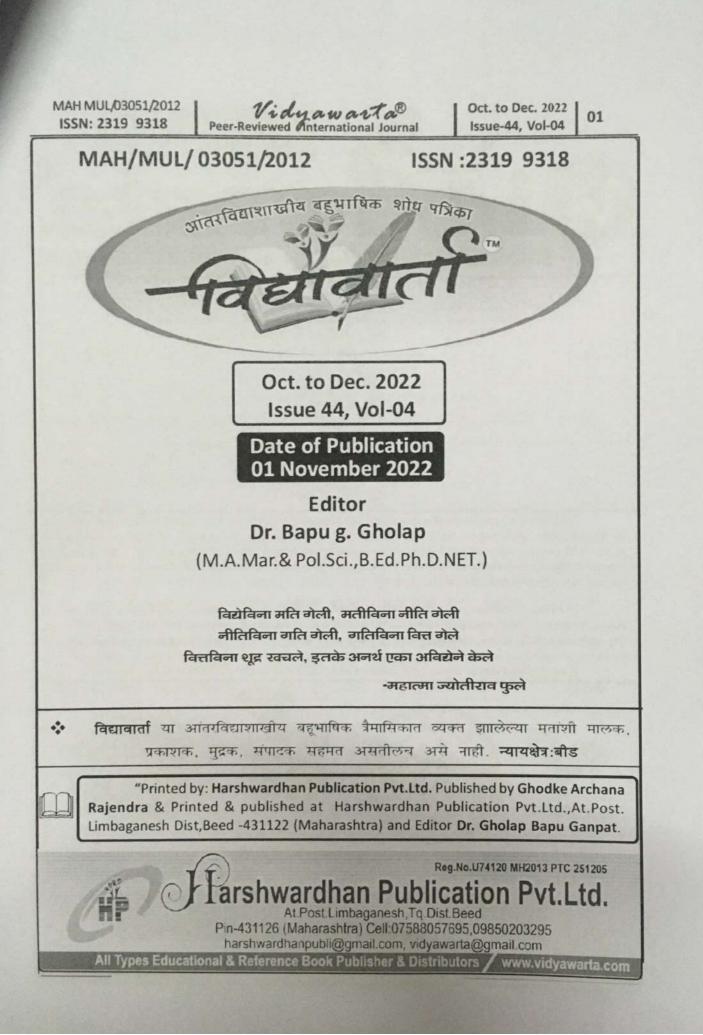
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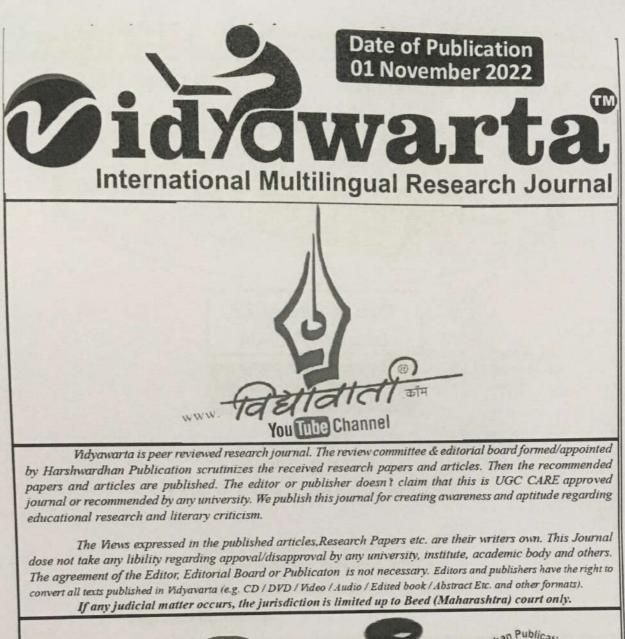
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प्रा. डॉ. एन. आर. अखुज विद्या विकास कला, वाणिज्य व विज्ञान महाविद्यालय समुद्रपुर, ता. समुद्रपुर, जि. वर्धा.(महा.)

प्रस्तावणाः

बाबासाहेबांचा शिक्षणाबाबतचा दुष्टिकोण सुर्यप्रकाशा इतका स्पष्ट आणि समतामुलक होता. त्यांनी आपल्या समाजाला संबोधित करतांना असे म्हटले होते की 'शिक्षण हे वाघीनीचे दूध आहे. ते जो प्राशन करेल तो गुरगुरल्या शिवाय राहणार नाही''. त्याचप्रमाणे शिक्षणाचे महत्व विषद करतांना त्यांनी समाजाला एक नारा दिला होता तो म्हणजे 'शिका, संघटित व्हा आणि संघर्ष करा'' कारण हजारो वर्ष ज्यांना शिक्षणापासून वंचित केले होते. त्यांना समाजाच्या मुख्य धारेमध्ये आणण्याकरीता शिक्षणाशिवाय दूसरा पर्याय त्यांच्या समोर नव्हता. मनू द्वारा लिखीत संहिते मध्ये वर्ण व्यवस्थेचा पूरस्कार करण्यात आलेला असल्यामुळे भारतातील फार मोठा वर्ग शैक्षणिक, सामाजिक व आर्थिकद्रष्टिने फार मागे होता. अशा या गडद अधारात खितपत पडलेल्या समाजाला बाहेर काढण्यासाठी लखलखणा-या तेजोमय महासुर्याचीच गरज होती. आणि तो महासुर्य म्हणजे तथागत परंमपुज्य डॉ. बाबासाहेब आंबेडकगंच्या रूपाने या मागासवर्गिय समाजाला मिळाला. व तेव्हॉपासून ख—या अर्थनि शुद्र व अती शृद्रांना जीवनाचा खरा मार्ग मिळाला. कारण

की या आधी या भारत भुमीवर कितीक संत महात्मे होउन गेलेत परंतू ते या समाजात आमुलाग्र बदल घडवून आनु शकले नाही. ते काम फक्त एकटया बाबासाहेबांनी करून दाखविले. याकरीता बाबासाहेब स्वताःच उच्च विद्या विभुषित झाले. व समाजाला उच्च विद्या विभूषित करण्यासाठी अहोरात्र झटले. त्याचा प्रत्यय या समाजातील व्यक्तिना अनुकूल परिस्थिती मिळताच दाखवुन दिले आहे. अल्पकाळातच या समाजात लेखक, साहित्यीक, डॉक्टर, इंजिनिअर, वकील निर्माण झाले. परंतू जो मागासवर्गिय समाज या आंदोलनात सहभागी झाला नाही. तो आहे तिथेच आहे. थोडक्यात अनुकूल परिस्थिती मिळताच आपण इतरांपेक्षा कोणत्याही बाबतीत कमी नाही. इतरांच्या बरोबरीचे आहोत. एवढेच नव्हे तर प्रसंगी एक पाउल पुढेच आहोत. अथवा कांकणभर जास्तच आहोत हे आपल्या कर्तबगारीने दाखउन दिले आहे. तसेच बाबासाहेबांनी १३.२.१९३८ ला भुसावळ येथे कामगार संमेलनात तरूनांना उपदेश करतांना बाबासाहेब म्हणाले होते. की. 'शिक्षण हे दुधारी शस्त्र असल्यामुळे चालविण्यास धोक्याचे असते. चारित्रहीन आणि बिनयहीन शिश्वित माणूस हा पशुपेक्षा भयंकर असतो. शिश्वित माणसाचे शिक्षण गरीब जनतेविरूध्द असेल तर तो समाजाला शाप ठरतो. असा इशारा उच्च शिक्षण घेतलेल्या उच्चभ्र व्यक्तींना बाबासाहेबांनी दिला होता. भारतीय उच्च शिक्षणाची दशा आणि दिशा :

बाबासाहेबांचे गुरू तथागत भगवान बुध्दाच्या आचार विचार व तत्वज्ञानाचे शिक्षण देणारी नालंदा आणि तक्षशिला विद्यापीठे जगप्रसिध्द होती. या विद्यापिठामध्ये गणित, खगोलशात्र, राज्यशात्र, औषध् ाशात्र,युध्द कला, वाड:मय इत्यादी विषय पूठील आचार्यानद्वारे शिकवीले जात होते. जसे जीवक (इ.स. पूर्व ५ वे शतक) वैद्क शास्त्रात, तक्षशिला विद्यापिठ, महर्षी चाक (इ.स. १ ले शतक) वैद्क शास्त्रात तक्षशिला. नागार्जूना इ.स.(१६६६ ते १९६) रसायन शास्त्रात नालंदा विद्यापिठ विश्वातील वस्तू केवळ प्रवाह आहे. आचार्य धर्मपाल (इ.स. १६६ ते १९६) रसायन शास्त्रज्ञ नालंदा. दिग्नांग (इ.स. ४थे शतक)वाद विधी, तर्कशास्त्रज्ञ नालंदा. आर्यभट (इ.स.४७६)न्याय

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